Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta.

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1 JUL 1948

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rings Surprise On India

CZECH MISSION ENTERTAINED

Dr. S. P. Mookerjee, Minister for Industries, gave a reception to the Czech Technical Mission on June 28 at Hotel Imperial which was attended by the Governor-General, representatives of Diplomatic Corps and others.

Bumper Haul Of Tax Dodgers Likely

Working Committee Meeting Today

Hyderabad And Kashmir Figure On Agenda

(From A Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 30.

According to well-informed circles the Congress Working Committee meeting which will be held tomorrow is expected to continue discussions for three days, when besides the Hyderabad and the Kashmir problems the Committee will also discuss the question of reconstitution of the West Bengal Congress Committee and adjustment of number from persons migrated from East Bengal to West Bengal. Informal discussions amongst rival groups in Bengal reveal that only the miracle can solve this all important question which is having as bearing on the question of reconstitution of the West Bengal Cabinet.

It is further understood that the Working Committee would discuss question of expanding the nature and scope of activities of Indian States, reorientation of labour problems and policies and reorganisation of Congress administrative machinery for meeting the increasing needs and responsibilities. The question of formation of linguistic provinces would be discussed informally but it is not an item on the present agenda.

PROFITEERS OF DECONTROL

Big List Before Inquiry Committee

AHMEDABAD IN FOR REVELATIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 30.

The Income Tax Inquiry Committee, appointed by the India Government under the presidentship of Mr. Rajadhyaxa has arrived here to inquire in the cases of evasion of income-tax. The Committee will stay in Ahmedabad for one week and inquire in individual cases.

It is learnt the Committee has before it more than 125 cases, which include industrialists, businessmen and cloth dealers. It is alleged that several sensational reports have reached the Committee regarding textile millowners making enormus profits after the decontrol of cloth.

The Committee, after examining cases will commence a court of inquiry and record statements.

15 INJURED IN COMMUNAL CLASH

Allegation Against Akola Muslim Councillor

AKOLA, June 30. (U.P.I.): Fifteen persons were injured, four seriously, in a communal clash which occurred here on the morning of June 28 and again the same night.

It is alleged that Abdul Rashid, a member of the Municipality, collected about 50 goondas and attacked some tenents belonging to the majority community in the labour area of Gulzarpura.

Following this incident tension prevailed in the area for the whole day and at night about one again six houses were attacked in the Nababpura area. As a result of this incident 15 persons, including two ladies were injured. The injured were admitted in hospital.

Thirteen persons have been arrested in this connection and an order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated for a period of one week.

LEAGUERS CLASH WITH COMMUNISTS

DACCA, June 30. (A.P.I.): Several persons were injured in a clash at a public meeting called by the Communist Party here this evening.

It is stated that the meeting, which was convened to discuss the present situation, some speakers criticised the Nazimuddin Ministry. A group of supporters of the Ministry protested against the criticism. This led to a clash between the rival groups in the course of which several persons were injured as the meeting was broken up.

Some stray assaults on passers by were later reported from the Rai Saheb Bazar area.

Police Van Set On Fire Following An Accident

CALCUTTA, June 30. (U. P. I): An infuriated crowd mobbed and stoned the Intelligence branch barracks at the junction of Lansdown Road and Hazra Road this evening following an incident wherein a police van knocked down first a boy and then a cow. The police van was set on fire by the crowd on the spot, and later the crowd chased the driver who took shelter in the intelligence baracks.

The police soon arrived on the scene and dispersed the crowd. Fourteen persons were arrested.

The injured boy, who was aged eleven, was sent to a local hospital.

37 ARRESTS AT DELHI

NEW DELHI, June 30. (A.P.I.): A party of railway police seized contraband cloth worth 70,000 today when they searched the Bombay Express at New Delhi railway station. 37 arrests were made in this connection of whom nine were detained in lock up. The remaining 28 were released on bail on furnishing personal bond and security.

...IGRADE WILL TOE THE LINE TO MOSCOW

...slav Communist Assurance To ...: Cominform Controversy, Mere "Family Quarrel"

...ON, JUNE 30. (REUTER): THE YUGOSLAV-COMINFORM "IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES" LESSENED TODAY WHEN ...OSLAV COMMUNIST PARTY ANNOUNCED IT WOULD DO ...ING POSSIBLE TO STRENGTHEN "CO-OPERATION WITH ...ET UNION AND OTHER PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACIES."

...le, commentators in Soviet ...ountries commenting on ...s sharply worded reply to ...form criticism, today ac...shal Tito and his regime ...unk with success."

...n it was expected Sir ...e, British Ambassador to ... uld come home tonight to ...o reign Secretary Bevin on ...ati in Yugoslavia.

...FAILY QUARREL"

...ncient that the Yugoslav ...ist would strengthen co-ope...vit the Soviet Union was ...e party's draft program...e resented to its Fifth Con... July 21. It said that to Yi...th Cominform controversy ...family quarrel" rather than ...het clash.

...he programme did not directly mention the Cominform's criticism of Yugoslavia it was published in the official party organ "Borba" alongside the full text of Marshal Tito's answer last night to Cominform accusations that Yugoslav Communists were "deviating" from the "Marxist-Leninist Line."

The programme which took ... columns, also declared that ... Communists would work ... union of Yugoslavia, Bu... Albania "on the basis o... equality."

The party ... and moral ... the draft sa... ration with ... pean countr... cheating c... the Bulgaria...

and the peoples of Yugoslavia on the basis of national equality."

STAND FOR WORLD PEACE

A further significant point in the programme was the declaration that the Yugoslav Communist party stood for support of all countries and movements "fighting for peace and which are against interference in the internal affairs of other countries and for peace-loving co-operation among states on the basis of the United Nations principles."

This is interpreted here to refer particularly to the Greek Guerila Leader General Markos.

"(Borbas". Declaration that the Yugoslav Communist party would work for a future union of Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Albania recalls the statement in January this year by M. Georgi Dimitrov, Bulgarian Premier, suggesting a federation of Balkan countries, Poland, Czechoslovakia and Greece "when the time was ripe."

Pravada, official organ of the Soviet Communist party directly rebuked Dimitrov for his suggestions")

BELGRADE EXPLAINS

BELGRADE, June 29, (Reuter): The Central Committee of the Yugoslav Communist Party tonight said it had refused to attend the Bucharest meeting of the Cominform at which the allocations against the Yugoslavs were drawn up because the invitation was not "in the spirit of comradely criticism" and the accusations were based on one-sided information.

COMINFORM'S NEW HQS.

BUCHAREST

BELGRADE June 30 (Reuter): The Cominform headquarters is to be moved from Belgrade.

It was reliably reported that its new headquarters will be in Bucharest where the recent Cominform meeting which expelled Yugoslavia from the organisation took place.

LEADERS IN CONFERENCE

Marshal Tito, M. Alexander Ranko... Yugoslav Minister of the Interior, ...d other Communist leaders were re...ted in conference here today.

...ong Communist ...Arsted Near Ellore

...RJune 29 (API): The West ...ri ice have arrested Gara...ty...rayana, Secretary of the ...odri Communist Party, who ...n isconding since February ... allage 15 miles from El... ...d ...o the Muslim who was ...naim.

...ol have also arrested K. ...ah, President of the Com...ress workers union.

...Agent Arrested

...NO June 29 (API): Gulam ...a of yderabad State suspect... be agent of the Razakars, ...rest here last night. Gulam ..., is stated, had with him ... st of money in Indian ...and yderabad State curren...

City Scavengers Down Brooms And Baskets

TURN DEAF EAR TO GOVERNMENT AND UNION LEADERS' APPEAL

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Six thousand workers of the Conservancy staff of the Bombay Municipality, as well as their colleagues from the suburbs of Bandra, Andheri and Kurla, have downed brooms, baskets, shovels and other paraphernalia and left the rain-sodden streets of the city and suburbs unswept, littered with dirt and garbage.

This latest decision which came into operation at midnight was taken, despite the appeals and assurances given by Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour, Government of Bombay.

The Central Strike Committee of the Bombay Presidency Sweepers' Union, meeting at the end of a day of conferences on Wednesday, felt unable to reverse the decision to strike, taken by the General Body of Sweepers on Tuesday evening.

Late at night Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda told a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" that the Government would consider what steps should be taken as a result of the strike.

Keeping the city clean was primarily the responsibility of the Municipality, but he hoped that with the co-operation of the public, it would be possible to take effective steps to meet the situation.

Although the strike starts with 6,000 workers of the Conservancy Department, it is feared that the strength of the strikers may be doubled if the workers of the Drainage Department also join them.

Following the decision of the general body on Tuesday Government and the Municipal authorities initiated moves to avert the strike. Mr. B. R. Patil, Municipal Commissioner, Mr. M. G. Mondni, Joint Secretary, Labour Department, Mr. Dravid, Labour Commissioner and other officials conferred with Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda. It is understood that the conference considered alternative arrangements to keep the city clean, in case the workers refused to see reason and call off the strike.

Later in the day Mr. Nanda met representatives of the Union, including Mr. S. H. Jhabwala, Mr. D. Jogadia, General Secretary, and other members of the Committee.

NANDA'S GUARANTEE TO LEADERS

Mr. Nanda gave a written guarantee to the Union leaders that adjudication proceedings would be instituted within a week and would be conducted with the utmost speed, depending only on the amount of evidence to be recorded. He wanted, however, that the adjudication should be accepted by the workers without reservation.

While Mr. Nanda told a representative of this paper that the decision to go on strike was both unwise and illegal, Mr. Jhabwala, the adviser of the Union said that there was no question about the reasonableness of the wor-

(Continued on Page 5)

MANUFACTURE OF AIRCRAFT IN INDIA

Hindustan Factory Undertakes Work

NEW DELHI, June 30 (UPI): India will manufacture aircraft for the first time in 1948. The Hindusthan Aircraft Limited, at Bangalore, has undertaken the job and its programme is to assemble 15 aircraft from components, 5 from detailed parts and to manufacture 30 from raw materials, by the end of 1949. Work is in hand on the first 5 out of 30 to be built from raw materials.

The Hindusthan Aircraft Limited has also undertaken the manufacture of an improved type of third class railway coach for the Ministry of Railways which has placed an order for 100 such coaches. The third class coach would provide sleeping accommodation and other amenities.

WOMAN "DELIVERS" 12 LBS OF OPIUM

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 30:

A curious incident occurred at Dahod station recently in which one allegedly pregnant lady delivered 12 pounds of opium. One woman excise police tried to search a woman who resisted and said she was pregnant, but when searched 12 pounds of opium were found which were tied to her belly.

SMUGGLED DIAMONDS SEIZED

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 30:

Diamonds smuggled from Pakistan were found in the possession of one goldsmith who had come from Karachi to Ahmedabad and was proceeding to Jodhpur. These diamonds were hidden inside the collar of his coat. The custom police has taken possession of the diamonds.

Another Red Shirts Leader Arrested

PESHAWAR, June 30 (UPI): Following the arrests of Qazi Attaullah and Khan Amir Mohmad Khan, the Mardan police last night arrested Mian Shakarullah, President of the Mardan District Khudai Khidmatgar Jirgah, under the Frontier Crimes Regulations.

This is the ninth arrest of Khudai Khidmatgar leaders.

For
PERSISTENT COUGH, COLDS & INFLUENZA
You need PEPS

Peps pleasant-tasting tablets act quickly and effectively because they send medicinal essences direct with your breath to the cause of the trouble. As you suck a Peps, its rich antiseptic, healing vapours stop your cough, soothe inflamed membranes, destroy the harmful germs, clear away congestion, and bring immediate ease to your chest and throat.

Diagram shows how the Peps medicinal essences bring comfort and relief direct to every part of the breathing system.

PEPS
ANTISEPTIC
THROAT & CHEST TABLETS

The handy and most effective remedy for coughs, colds, chills, sore throat, influenza, bronchitis and other chest and lung troubles.

Agents: Messrs KEMP & Co., Ltd.
P. O. Box 937, BOMBAY.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Matches for three girls 16, 20, 30 years. Well educated & pretty Correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 7

PERSONAL ADLETS

Dear Santosh-Return home immediately. All very much distressed. No cause for dejection. Be wise. H. L. Soni. (9076)

SITUATIONS VACANT"

Business opportunities for small investors. Profitable side line or whole time occupation assured. For particulars apply to New India Agency, 42, Main Road, St. Thomas Mount, Madras. 9081

Commerce Graduate (B. Com), preferably Gujarati Speaking for a daily newspaper. Good prospects Apply Box No. 1001 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted by old established importing firm, a Broker, for imported and indigenous piecegoods and yarns. Only those with long experience and thorough knowledge of textile markets need apply to Box No. 9034 "Bombay Chronicle"

Immediately wanted Gujarati Graduate Teachers of History Geography and Languages: also Drawing teachers and P. T. Instructors. Good pay and allowances. Apply personally. Principal, R. A. Vidyalaya. 9042

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad apply for Terms' (stating Qualifications & desires) to Roberts & Co., Employment Agents, Subathu (Simla Hills). (8973)

Wanted a Stall Clerk for our Railway Bookstall at Belgaum. Minimum Qualification, S.S.L.C. Pay Rs. 30/- plus usual Dearness Allowance and 3 per cent commission. Cash Security of Rs. 500/- essential. Apply to Higginbothams Mount Road, Madras. 431

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions Daver's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for New Session commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, and General Commerce Etc. Tuition personal or Postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (9086)

Wanted Students to Learn Typewriting at Rs. 3/-, Shorthand 3/8/- in Paramount Shorthand Typewriting Class, Tejpal Building, Second Floor, Tribhuvan Road, near Swastik Cinema. 9065

Get Medical Diploma at Home:- Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Unani. Prospectus Free. Old Indian Medical College, Barnala (Patiala). 9087

Wanted candidates to become Overseers through correspondence instruction. Apply to the Principal, British India Technical College, (B): Broach. 9083

Appointments by Interview-The B. I.E.T. (India) Ltd. offers a special course on General Intelligence and Viva Voce Training to ensure success in securing administrative posts in Government Departments and Business Firms. The course can be completed in one month by spare time study at home and costs only Rs. 50/- Send cash or write for fuller particulars, Free Dept. G/ 20, B.I.E.T. (India) Ltd., 359 Hornby Road, Bombay. 318

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted capable and influential Sole Agents and Canvassing Agents to sell our High Grown Nilgiri teas on liberal commission. Particulars from P.O. Box No. 148, Coimbatore. 9070

Wanted Agents to sell shares of an Electric Supply Co., in North Behar on reasonable terms. Apply Post Box 2029 (PE) Calcutta. (379)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Diesel Oil Engines, Slow Speed, 140 blackstone, 150 robey, 6 K.W. 220 volt Gardner Semi Diesel Slow Speed Set; 8 H.P. Hallat Diesel Stationary Marine Engines, also Coupled Pumping sets. Ex-Stock. Dinshaw & Co., 105, Apollo St., Bombay. (355)

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Requiring finaciers or partners for an old established industrial concerns may apply to Box No. 448 "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived. Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble, Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. 6778

Kashmir, Pure Kashmir silk hand made 45" wide 3/12/- yard delivered any place in India, please send orders to Eastern Agency, Srinagar. 9071

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE

Typewriters, latest models, all popular makes, Portable and Standard. Attractive prices. Repairs undertaken. Visit Universal Typewriter Company, Dadysett House, Second floor, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay." (8939)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BANK OF KOLHAPUR LIMITED.

NOTICE

Report of Directors and Statement of Accounts

(From the 1st of January, 1947 to 31st December 1947).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Bank of Kolhapur, Ltd. will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank, Kolhapur City, on SUNDAY, the 18th July, 1948, at 10 a.m. to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Report of the Directors and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1947.
(2) To declare a Dividend.
(3). To elect three Directors in place of those retiring. The retiring Directors are eligible for election and offer themselves for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact such other business as may be placed before the meeting with the permission of the Chairman.

N.B.:—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will remain CLOSED from 5-7-1948 to 19-7-1948 (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board,
V. A. SAWANT,
General Manager.

Kolhapur, 25th June, 1948. 439

NOTICE

Noted BELOW live-stock of good breed for riding as well as carriages to be sold by public auction on 8.7..48 at 9 A.M.

HORSES
English-Australian
Kathis
Stallion Mules
Camels & Bullocks

CARRIAGES
Tangas
Phaitons
Landaus
Raths
Harness

Intending purchasers are requested to meet the Stable Supdt., Morvi.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR,
MORVI. 449

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for information of shareholders of the Reserve Bank of India ordinarily resident, or having their principal place of business, in Pakistan that, with the lapse of Part III of the Pakistan (Monetary System and Reserve Bank) Order, 1947, as amended by the Pakistan Monetary System and Reserve Bank (Amendment) Order 1948, on the 30th June, 1948, they have ceased to be qualified to be shareholders of the Bank, and will not, therefore, be able to exercise any of the rights of a shareholder otherwise than for the purpose of the sale of shares. Under Regulation 41(v) of the Reserve Bank of India General Regulations, such persons will not be entitled to any dividends that may become due and payable on their holdings after the 30th June, 1948, and such accrued dividends will be payable to persons qualified to be shareholders of the Bank, who next become registered in respect of shares on which the dividends are payable. Persons resident, or having their principal place of business, in Pakistan who were registered as shareholders on the various Registers of the Reserve Bank on the 30th June 1948, should, therefore, take immediate steps to transfer their holdings to a person qualified to be registered as a shareholder in one of the Registers of the Bank. Persons originally resident in Pakistan who have since migrated to India should have their new addresses recorded with the Bank, or if they are residing in an area which is served by a Register other than the one on which their shares are registered should have their shares transferred to the Register of the area in which they are residing at present.

L. R. BHANDARI,
Manager.

Reserve Bank of India
Bombay, 1st July, 1948. 441

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

Special items costing over Rs. 5,000/- Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 100 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 16th July, 1948.

Tender No. S/NSC/48/1120 for Blower Fans.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the tender box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the tenderer or by his representative. Tenderers may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender.

CONTROLLER OF STORES 443

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE

EXTENSION OF ROUTE 'I'

On and from MONDAY, the 5th July, 1948, alternate buses of Route 'I' from Worli Village will run to Sewree Railway Station via King Edward Road.

	First Bus	Last Bus
Worli Village	5-45	22-45
Parel Tram T.	5-35	22-35
Sewree Rly. Stn.	6-43	19-13

DEVIATION OF ROUTE 'P'

On and from MONDAY, the 5th July, 1948, the 'P' Route Limited Stop Service will operate as follows:—

ROUTE: Flora Fountain to Malabar Hill Post Office via Churchgate Street, Marine Drive, Chowpatty Sea Face Road, Walkeshwar Road and Ridge Road.

	First Bus	Last Bus
From Flora Fountain	7-38	21-00
„ Malabar Hill	8-00	21-20

TRAFFIC MANAGER.
410

THE SVADESHI MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Svadeshi Mills Co., Ltd. will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY THE 27TH JULY 1948 AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the Resolutions providing for an increase of Capital and for a consequential alteration in Article 4 of the Articles of Association of the Company, set out in the Notice and the Circular Letter dated the 21st June 1948 posted to the shareholders.

By order of the
Board of Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.,
Managing Agents,
A. D. SHROFF
Director

Bombay, 21st June, 1948. (442)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for three posts of Assistant Lecturers in Education—one at the Secondary Training College, Bombay and two at the Secondary Training College, Belgaum—on the scale of pay of Rs. 160-10-200 E.B.-10-250 + Dearness Allowance and House Rent Allowance admissible under the rules. Qualifications required: At least a second class B.A., or B.Sc. with M.A. or M.Sc., plus B.T. of the Bombay University or an equivalent degree or diploma plus five years' teaching experience in a recognised High School or a Training Institution. Those for the Bombay post should be capable of supervising lessons given through Gujarathi and Marathi. One of the Belgaum post requires a candidate with qualifications in Psychology, while the other post requires a person with good qualifications in Mathematics and the Assistant Lecturers will be required to supervise lessons given through Marathi and Kannad. Ordinarily the candidates should be less than 25 years of age at the time of appointment, but this condition may be relaxed in special cases. Candidates should give their full particulars regarding their qualifications, caste, birth date, domicile, previous experience, whether employed etc. The application should be addressed to the Director of Public Instruction, Poona 1 and should reach him not later than 5-7-1948. (414)

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for temporary posts of Sub-Inspectors in C.I.D., Bombay Police Force.

2. A candidate should possess the following qualifications:-
AGE: He must not be more than 30 years on 15.7.1948.
EDUCATION: Must have at least a degree in Arts, Science, etc.
HEIGHT: Not less than 5'-4"
CHEST MEASUREMENT:- Not less than 32" (deflated) and a minimum expansion of 2 inches.

A good knowledge of Marathi, Gujrati or Hindustani is essential.

Certificates from two respectable persons as to moral character and social standing.

3. Selected candidates will be appointed as officiating Sub-Inspectors on pay of Rs. 170/- in the scale of Rs. 170-5-245, special pay of Rs. 30/-, conveyance allowance at Rs. 33/- p.m., clothing allowance at Rs. 12.8.0 p.m., house rent allowance upto Rs. 60 and dearness allowance at sanctioned rates.

4. Intending applicants should forward their applications (giving particulars mentioned in paragraph 2 in the beginning of the application) written in their own handwriting with copies of certificates and testimonials (which will not be returned) addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Headquarters, Head Police Office, Bombay (and not to anyone by name) so as to reach him on or before the 15th July 1948.

5. Candidates not fulfilling the required conditions or not supply particulars asked for will be rejected and no correspondence will be carried on with them.

DY. COMMISSIONER OF POLICE
Headquarters.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 29th June, 1948. 440

AIR-INDIA LTD.

BOMBAY AIRPORT.
Santa Cruz.

Re: CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBERS

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that the main telephone Numbers of our Administrative Offices at Santa Cruz, Bombay Airport have been changed from 86416-86419 to:

60076
60077
60078
60079

450

FIRST CLASS GRADUATES

APPLICATIONS are invited by graduates with the following essential qualifications:

1. A first class degree in engineering, or science, or economics.
2. Age between 25 and 30 years.
3. Interested in industrial development.

Applicants should submit photographs and full details under the following headings:

1. Age and birth place.
2. Height and weight.
3. Schools attended with dates.
4. Universities attended, with dates.
5. Degree, or degrees, taken.
6. All posts held, with dates and salaries.
7. Date when free to join.
8. Married or single, number and age of children.

Starting salary between Rs. 500/- and Rs. 600/- depending on age, with annual increments of Rs. 100/- to Rs. 1,000/- per mensem. Apply Box No. 412, "Bombay Chronicle".

THE SASSOON & ALLIANCE SILK MILL CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Shareholders that the 68th Dividend at the rate of Rs. 3/- per share has been declared and will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 12th July, 1948, at the Company's Registered Office, Maneckji Wadia Building, 2nd Floor, 127, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, between the hours of 11 A.M. to 1-30 P.M. and 2-30 to 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) on week days, excepting Saturdays.

Dividend Warrants will be posted in due course to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on 18th June 1948.

By Order of the Board,
DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
A. PETHER, Manager,
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 30th June, 1948. (451)

THE SENTINEL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

BOMBAY.

Re:- Meeting of the Policyholders under Section 48 of the Insurance Act IV of 1938.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the MEETING of the Policyholders due to be held on FRIDAY, the 20th August, 1948, is not to be held as the number of applications for the Office of the Policyholders Directors of the Company received within the prescribed time did not exceed the number of Directors required to be elected.

By order of the
Board of Directors
K. S. JAVERI
General Manager.

Bombay, 30th June, 1948. (444)

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, and of THE PROGRESSIVE LAND, BUILDING & TRADING CO., LTD., (In Vol. Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, the Final General Meeting of the Company will be held at Advani Chambers, Sir Phirozeshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY the 9th August, 1948, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), for the purpose of having an account laid before it showing how the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company has been disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator, and of determining by extraordinary resolution the manner in which the books, accounts and documents of the Company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of.

Bombay, 25th June, 1948.
HORMASJI D. JASSAWALLA,
Liquidator. 445

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 62859 in respect of 20 Ordinary Shares Nos. 246|250, 114790|94, 341140|49 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., (in Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Mr. Amritlal Narshidash Joshi has been LOST, MISLAID or DESTROYED.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1 within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 30-6-48.
(Sd.) AMRITLAL N. JOSHI,
9066

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY
No. 54 of 1948

Re: JUDAH MOSES ASHKENAZY of Bombay, Jewish Inhabitant, residing at Star Mansion, Clare Road, Byculla and working as Canvasser in Printing Works in Bombay Markets upto March, 1948 and now unemployed.
..... A Debtor.

On the Petition of the abovenamed Debtor presented on the 14th day of May, 1948, praying for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909), an order was made on the 14th day of May, 1948, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1948.
SAROSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar. 452

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. UMAR BAWA DADAN of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim of any sort against the said property are requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within 14 days. In default the claim, if any, will be deemed to have been waived and sale completed.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon, situate near Breach Candy Road, within the City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement four hundred and thirty four decimal point sixty square yards or thereabouts and which premises are assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Collector's New No. 17070 and New Survey No. 1/7964, Cadastral Survey No. 1643 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 234, Street No. 20 L. Girgaum Road.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1948.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI
Purchaser's attorneys.
Lentin Chambers
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. (433)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 27 Bales Printed Chintz of Vijay Mill including 5 Bales No. 13411 each contg. 75 Pcs. each piece 20 Yds. width 34", 5 Bales No. 13412 each contg. 75 Pcs. each piece 20 Yds. width 34", 17 Bales each contg. 75 Pcs. piece 20 Yds. width 41/42" on Saturday, 3rd July 1948 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Champa Gully near Bambakhana, M. J. Market under instructions from M/s Shah & Co. Attorneys for M/s Mahendra & Co. on a/c and at rick of M/s S. V. Reddior, (of Bharucha Bldg. Kalbadevi, Bombay), the defaulting purchasers.
Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of 15 Bales Yarn No. 60 of Colaba Mill, each bale of 400 Lbs. total 6,000 Lbs. on Monday, 5th July 1948 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Vendor's Shop in Hanuman Bldg. Tramba Kata, Bombay, under—instructions from M/s Majumdar and Nanavati advocates for M/s—Jayantilal Babaldas and on a/c and at risk of M/s Manubhai Goculdas the defaulting purchasers.
Terms: 25 p.c. Cash deposit.

A[illegible]N SALE of 5 Bales Yarn, No[illegible]laba Mill, each bale of 400[illegible]l 2,000 Lbs. on Monda[illegible] 1948 at 2-30 p.m. (S[illegible] Vendor's Shop in H[illegible] Bombay, under in[illegible]umdar a[illegible]or M/s D[illegible]and on [illegible]anubhai [illegible] purosit. & CO.

Last C[illegible]

End C[illegible]

HAIFA, June[illegible] century of Brit[illegible] tine comes to [illegible] departure of [illegible] Haifa.

At dawn th[illegible] the harbour.

The outward[illegible] tish cruiser 'P[illegible] General G. H[illegible] will consist o[illegible] hospital ship, [illegible] ing military [illegible] ships, and s[illegible]

The 13,[illegible] Triumph is [illegible] harbour.

Haifa, Britis[illegible] since the end of [illegible] 15, will be turne[illegible] under the Unite[illegible] who will keep a [illegible] watch on the ha[illegible]

Two Cromwell [illegible] the British late [illegible] still missing last [illegible] seafires from the [illegible] a late search, wit[illegible] they found them[illegible]

Two men of [illegible]

Muslim Worl[illegible] Woulde Sh[illegible]

London Meng Con[illegible] Ghaffar Ian's Ar[illegible]

LONDON, June[illegible] (Reuter[illegible] Indo-Pakistan U[illegible] Front of[illegible] held an emerge[illegible] meeting to[illegible] protest against imprisonm[illegible] the "Frontier Ghi". Khan [illegible] Ghaffar Khan.

Main speakers[illegible]re the tru[illegible] lim members [illegible]he organ[illegible] Steering Comme[illegible], all of [illegible] came from Pakis[illegible]. The Ch[illegible] Mr. S. B. Khan, m[illegible] the No[illegible] Frontier, Mr. Isiai Huq, fro[illegible] Punjab, and Mr. bal Haque, [illegible] Eastern Pakistan.

Mr. Khan, who recently we[illegible] India and met th[illegible] Frontier G[illegible] said Abdul Ghaff Khan wan[illegible] visit the Middle it and [illegible] soon.

The Indo-Pakist Unity Fro[illegible] vited him to visit gland.

It was a pity he added th[illegible] Pakistan Governm[illegible] adopted[illegible] sive measures agai[illegible] the [illegible] People's Party an[illegible] imprisoned[illegible] greatest Muslim le[illegible] of the [illegible] timent of India. [illegible]e Muslim[illegible] would be shocked.

A resolution comming "t[illegible] pressive and reactiary polic[illegible] Government" and manding [illegible] lease of Ghaffar Ian was [illegible] Copies of the resolion will [illegible] warded to Mr. Jinna and th[illegible] Ministers of several [illegible] ries and also to the Wafdist [illegible] Nahas Pasha and to the Grand[illegible] of Jerusalem.

APPEAL TO U. N. ON BEHALF OF GERM[illegible]

BERLIN, June 30 (UPI): [illegible] reports about the Berlin crisis [illegible] that apart from the reported [illegible] tion of intervention by the [illegible] Security Council, the Danish R[illegible] ernment will approach the [illegible] Nations with an appeal of [illegible] to man population of Berlin to [illegible] tional intervention on beha[illegible] German community in the [illegible] American and French secto[illegible] German capital, it was rev[illegible] today.

It is learned that the D[illegible] reign Minister, M. Rasmusse[illegible] discussed the appeal with [illegible] Robertson, British Militar[illegible] who paid a brief visit to [illegible] yesterday and expressed [illegible] of the Danish Government [illegible] the United Nations on be[illegible] two million German[illegible] in Berlin who were [illegible] within the next but [illegible]

The Berlin Citizens at [illegible] yesterday decided enter[illegible] the appeal to be [illegible] Nations through [illegible] ment.

MASANI CREDE[illegible]

Brazilian Extends Welc[illegible]

RIO de JANEIRO[illegible] India's first Ministe[illegible] R. Masani, today [illegible] dentials to Presiden[illegible] at the Catete pala[illegible]

After the presen[illegible] tials Mr Masani and[illegible] talked for a short w[illegible] sani left troops pres[illegible] a military band pla[illegible] and Brazilian natio[illegible]

ON GANDI[illegible]

Earlier Mr. Masani [illegible] "naturally interested" [illegible] of economic commerci[illegible] Brazil. He added tha[illegible] tries were practically [illegible] mically except for ric[illegible] that both required the[illegible] dustrial equipment. Bi[illegible] jute for bags for the [illegible] commodities and India[illegible] for her increasing pop[illegible]

On Mr. Gandhi, Mr [illegible] "Mr. Gandhi lost his l[illegible] the welfare of all Ind[illegible] settlement of religious [illegible] was the father of the [illegible] family suffered a grea[illegible]

India is now follo[illegible] Nehru's policy wh[illegible] dhi's also aims at wor[illegible] peace inside India's fi[illegible]

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See PRITHVIRAJ in
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DEEWAR
SAT., 3rd July, 9-30 a.m.
Plans open—Book now
Watch for the opening of 'GHADDAR'

IS IT EASY TO WED?
See it in
OMARKHAIYAM FILMS'
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SHAMIM ✱✱ MRIDULA
OPERA HOUSE
4th WEEK!
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Also Showing "EK SADI BAD"

IT'S TALK OF THE CITY
ORIENTAL Pictures'
SAGA OF ROMANCE
SOHAG RAAT
Direction: Kidar Sharma
with
BEGUM PARA & GITA BALI
DRAWING BACKED ROUSES AT
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
LAMINGTON
4, 7, 10
CHITRA
3-30, 6-30 9-30
Plans Open
(A VARMA Films Release)

OPENING TOMORROW 4 P.M.
A moving love story
narrated in MUSIC

WAHAB Productions'
SHAHNAZ
BEGUM PARA, ALTAF NIHAL MUSTAFA, ETC.
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Music: AMIR KARNATAKI
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Ad. Bkg. 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5-30

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 9 2004
Muslim: Sabban 23, 1367
Parsi: Behman 2, 1317
Sunrise 6-05 a.m., Sunset 19-20 p.m.
Hightide 07-09, 18-41 Lowtide 00-50, 12-35.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION 3-40 p.m. (S.T.)

To-day's Engagements

BRAINS TRUST: Today (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. YMCA Wodehouse Rd Panel: Rev. Fr. J. Duhr (KM) Mr W M Hartwell, Dr. S. G. Panandikar Mr Romesh Trapur & Dr M B. Vajifdar.

FASALI TIRGAN JASHAN: At Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines, today (Thursday) Jashan Ceremony at 5-15 p.m. followed by lecture by Dasturji Framroze Bode on "Worship of Luminous Creations in the Zorastrian Religion."

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL: Mrs. Elsie Khan's talk on "OUR MILK PROBLEM" at Y. W.C.A. Hall, Mayo Road, today (Thurs- at 5-30 p.m.

Indian Motion Picture Producers' Association

The tenth annual general meeting of the members of the Indian Motion Picture Producers' Association was held here on Monday

The annual report and balance sheet and statement of accounts for 1947 was adopted and the following were elected new office-bearers:—

Mr. Chandulal J. Shah (President). Mr. Chuni Lall (Vice- President). Mr. M. A. Mughani (Hon Treasurer).

PROBATE GRANTED TO DISCIPLE

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Desai)

Gangabai Mancharam Tevari ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

Dwarkadas Gaurishankar and another ..... Defendants

This was a Testamentary suit in which the plaintiff applied for probate of the Will of one Jankibai Kaiser-i-Hind who died on 28th January 1946. Jankibai left a Will dated 17th February, 1938 by which she appointed the plaintiff who was her disciple ("chelli") as the sole executrix. The deceased used to work for the welfare of "sadhus" in consideration of which she had been awarded the Kaiser-i-Hind medal. Defendants 1 and 2 filed caveats opposing the grant. Defendant 1 propounded a document dated 15th February, 1940 by which he was appointed "to manage the affairs of the dharamshala in a proper way", as the last will of the deceased which revoked the earlier will of which probate was claimed by the plaintiff. Defendant 2 (Pandit Bihari Lal Sharma) propounded another document dated 14th November, 1945 in his favour as the last will of Jankibai.

Relying on the authority of the decisions of the Calcutta High Court in 32 Cal. 1082 and in A.I.R. 1927 Cal. 756, His Lordship held that the document of 15th February, 1940 propounded by defendant 1 was not a will because it did not contain a testamentary disposition of the property of the deceased, but merely appointed defendant 1 manager of a dharamshala of which the deceased was not the owner. His Lordship therefore held that this document could not be admitted to probate, and dismissed the caveat as well as the petition for probate filed by defendant 1.

With regard to the document set up by defendant 2, the plaintiff challenged its genuineness. After the hearing had proceeded for some time, Counsel for defendant 2 withdrew from the case. The caveat as well as the petition for probate filed by defendant 2 was thereupon dismissed.

In the results His Lordship ordered probate to issue to the plaintiff on his proving the will of 17th February, 1938 in solemn form.

Mr. S. T. Karanee instructed by Messrs. Minocher Hiralal & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. R. B. Andhyariyina instructed by Messrs. Satyandra & Co., appeared for defendant 1.

Mr. M. R. Mody instructed by Messrs. Gokhale Kale & Co., appeared for defendant 2.

Horniman's Petition Rejected

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Their Lordships refused to admit an application by B. G. Horniman former Editor of the now defunct English daily named "Advocate of India" to quash the order of Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate acquitting Chimanlal Wadilal Shah, the publisher of that paper. Shah and Horniman were co-accused in a defamation case filed by Sub-Inspector Miranda of the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Police in respect of an article in that paper. Shah and Miranda having compounded the case, the Magistrate acquitted Shah. On his own application the case against Horniman was transferred to the Court of another Magistrate. Horniman now applied to the High Court contending that it was not open to the Magistrate to have acquitted Shah while continuing the case against him. The petition came up before Their Lordships for admission. Their Lordships, however, refused to admit it and dismissed the petition.

Mr. A. S. Kabli appeared for Horniman.

Car Collides With Victoria

BOMBAY Wednesday

Four persons were thrown out of a hack victoria on Marine Drive last night when it was hit by a motor car. Two of them were admitted in G. T. Hospital. Gulal Chandra Andlay, the driver of the car was arrested and released on bail, on being produced in the Esplanade Court today.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ENGINEERS FOR ENGLAND

To Study Technique Of Tunnel & High Concrete Dams

Two engineers of the Bombay Municipality will be deputed to go England to make a special study of the technique of the tunnel and high concrete dams with different types of spillways in connection with the Vaitarana-cum-Tansa scheme for augmenting the water resources of the city.

The work of driving a tunnel of the magnitude proposed to be driven in the Vaitarana-cum-Tansa scheme and that of constructing a high concrete dam nearly 205-feet high, is of a very intricate nature and special methods and prior planning have to be adopted for ensuring speedy and economical execution of the project.

The special engineer in charge of the project has contacted the Chief Engineer of the Cementation Company, England, who are considered to be specialists in tunnel and dam construction works. The Chief Engineer has promised to train up the Municipal Engineers and give them an insight into organization and working methods.

It has been proposed that Mr. V. R. Vengurlekar, Assistant Engineer and Mr. S. S. Mankar, Head Surveyor in the Hydraulic Engineers Department should be deputed to the United Kingdom and the Continent. They will be treated as on duty. They will receive in addition to their pay Rs. 25,000 each towards the cost of travel and other expenses.

When the matter came up for approval before the Standing Committee, this evening, decision on the issue was deferred, till the next meeting of that body, in order to assertain the views of the Special Engineer of the Municipality on whether the training period should be six months or one year.

BUILDING CONTROL ACT RELAXED

Erection Of Tenements Upto 1,200 Sq. Ft. Floor Area Allowed

With reference to the Bombay Building (Control on Erection) Ordinance, 1948 (subsequently enacted into an Act of the Legislature), it was announced that the Controllers of Buildings will not refuse permission to erect or re-erect buildings intended for residential purposes in case of tenements not exceeding 800 square feet in floor area. The Government has since received representations for the relaxation of this limit. In order to promote building activity of the middle class people and a low income groups the Government has now decided that the Controllers of Buildings should not refuse permission to erect or re-erect buildings intended for residential purposes in case of tenements not exceeding 1200 square feet in floor area and built within the limit of the Bombay Suburban District the Ahmedabad Municipal Borough and the Ahmedabad Cantonment.

SINDHIS CRITICISE NIHICHALDAS

Refugee Act Considered Harmful To Their Interest

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A meeting of about 500 Sindhi refugees, held this evening in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, passed a resolution criticising Mr. Nichaldas C. Vazirani, former Sind Minister, for withdrawing his support to the anti-Refugee Act agitation sponsored by the Bombay Sind Hindu Seva Samiti. Condemning Mr. Vazirani's statement calling on Sindhis to co-operate with the Government, speakers at the meeting maintained that the Refugee Act was "ultra vires, abnoxious and harmful to refugee interests".

Enq iry Into Pr'ce Of Cotton Textiles

Tariff Board Submits Report To Government

BOMBAY, June 30, (U.P.I.):

The United Press of India understands that the Indian Tariff Board's report in respect of its enquiry into the price of cotton textiles has been submitted to the Government of India.

The report, which runs into approximately 100 foolscap typed pages is stated to have made a comprehensive scientific analysis of price trends in the textile business after having recorded evidence of millowners middlemen, consumers public men etc.

The report, it is further learnt, will be considered by the Textile Advisory Committee and by the Conference of Provincial Ministers for Industries convened by the Government of India in New Delhi in the third week of July whereafter the Government of India's decision on the report will be made known to the public, presumably in August.

Radio

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, JULY 1
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Jaswant Shah 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Ghulam Husain (Sitar) 9-0 Latafat Husain 12-0 Vanita Mandal Programme for Women (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Madhur Gani 1-20 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 George Gershwin 2-5 Ernst Bacon 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Jaswant Shah 5-15 Children's Half Hour, (E) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Panditrao Nagarkar (Ambika) 7-0 Topic Of The Day 7110 Local 7-15 Ghazal Aur Geet 7-30 Adivasto Temnun Jeevan Ane Kala Adivashioni Kala: (G) by Madhu Bhat Patel, 7-45 Saigal 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Ghulam Husain (Sitar) 8-45 "Nateecha Navra" (M) by G. G. Gadgil 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Week In Sport (E) 10-0 Orchestre De La Societe Des Concrts Du Orchestra vatoire 10-30 "Call yourself a Detective" No. III.

VARIATIONS
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Mile Jule Gane 5-45 Thumri 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners
61.48 m. (4.880 kc/s)
7-45 Commercial News 8-0 Vimal Patki (Mand.) 9-0 Latafat Hussin (Megh.) 10-0 Vimal Patki 10-30 Panditrao Nagarka.

Ramdas Relief Fund

Government Takes Over Administration

The administration of the Sheriff's "Ramdas" Relief Fund has now been handed over to the Government of Bombay, as only Government has the machinery to reach down to the villages. The following Board of Administration has been appointed by the Government to administer the Fund. The Chief Secretary to Government (Chairman); The Sheriff of Bombay; The Collector of Kolaba; Mr. D. K. Kunte; Mrs. Mithan J. Lam; Mr. Nagindas T. Master; Sir Shantidas Askuran; and Swami Sambudhanand.

The total amount collected is Rs. 3,18,236-6-2, out of which the Sheriff's Committee granted interim relief to the extent of Rs. 30,512|-, and the Board has decided to grant pensions with effect from April 1, 1948, at the rate of Rs. 5 per month per dependent, as a measure of long-term relief. The grantees have been classified into three catagories viz.' Children, widows and unemployable dependents including aged men and women.

Arrangements are being made to make payments at the Taluka headquarters in the case of pensioners from the Districts, and at the office of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, in the case of Bombay City Pensioners.

The Fund at present stands at Rs. 2,86,355-1-11 and the Board expects that at the rate at which it has been decided to grant pensions, it will not be possible with the amount of the fund at its disposal at present, to see the pension scheme through over a period of 14 years which is the maximum period upto which the scheme will last, the Board having decided to grant pension to children upto the age of 14 only, beyond which they are expected to fend for themselves.

Contributions may be sent to the Central Bank of India, Ltd., Bombay, "Ramdas" Relief Fund.

Concession Of Non-Agricultural Assessment

The concession of paying 5/8th of the non-agricultural assessment from August 1, 1947 in respect of areas other than the Bombay Suburban District and Ahmedabad City and its suburbs has been extended to all plot holders who had already converted their plots to non-agricultural use and who were paying the full non-agricultural assessment and whose guarantee period has not yet expired and will not be restricted only to those plot holders whose guarantee period commences from August 1, 1947 or thereafter.

The Government has also directed that the concession should be applicable both to temporary as well as permanent non-agricultural users, provided they are for residential purposes and not for industrial or commercial user. This concession will not be granted in case of unauthorised non-agricultural uses, unless they are regularised

Ruse Played On Photographer

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Two of four men who went to Vera Studio, Churchgate Street, yesterday and told the proprietor they wished to have their pictures taken, later ran away with three cameras.

The other two are now in police custody.

The men, it was said, were asked to sit in the show room while the proprietor went into the dark room to photograph another customer. He heard later a cracking noise and rushed out to find Baboo Chimji and his group smashing a show-case in which 3 cameras worth Rs. 650 were kept. He seized Baboo and a second man but the others fled with the cameras.

The two arrested persons were produced in the Esplanade Court this morning and ordered to be remanded in custody.

Tragic End Of Bargeman

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Ismail Kassam, a 50-year-old barge man in the Mazagaon Wharf met with tragic death while on his way to see his son who is working in a motor launch in the Wharf.

His body was found this morning in a pool of blood on the edge of a Customs barge in the Mazagaon Wharf. It is believed that he fell accidentally on the iron platform of the barge and died on the spot due to injuries sustained.

His co-workers in the wharf, who identified the body, told the Police that the man had left them earlier to meet his son.

WEATHER

PLEASANT SHOWERS IN CITY

Juhu Airfield Records Three Inches In 24 Hours

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

After more than a week of sultry weather Bombay got some relief today when a series of pleasant but intermittent showers descended from a sky that was almost blazing till the afternoon.

Though it did not rain much the harbour line of the G.I.P. Railway was inundated in certain places and local trains had to be plied with great caution.

The area between Masjid Station and Sandhurst Road, was overflowing with a flood—accumulated water which had nearly submerged the permanent way and "locals" looked like amphibious crawling across a pond.

The Weather Forecasting Station at Santa Cruz, gave the following summary of weather conditions when rung up by a representatives of this paper late at night.

The monsoon has been generally weak along the Konkan Coast, except for isolated heavy falls which occurred in the suburbs of Bombay between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on Wednesday.

During this period Juhu airfield recorded 3 inches, Santa Cruz 2 inches and Colaba only ¼th inch. Elsewhere along the coast rainfall has been very light except at Marmagao where 2 inches had been registered.

Occasional showers are expected in Bombay on Thursday.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, June 30 (API): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from June 1. 1948 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours (IST) on June 30, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 101 85 0 0.8 minus 2.9 Ahmednagar 88 72 0 3.3 minus 2.0 Bangalore 83 65 0 4.5 plus 1.6 BOMBAY 89 78 0.3 8.8 minus 10.3 Calcutta 90 79 T 12.8 plus 1.1. Cherrapunji 76 64 1.2 120. 6 plus 14.6 Delhi nil Hyderabad (Dn) 93 77 0 2.0 minus 2.4 Lucknow 93 81 0.1 2.6 minus 1.9 Patna 91 80 0.2 2.4 minus 4.7 Poona 85 73 0 7.4 plus 2.9 Sholapur 93 73 0 2.1 minus 2.4 Srinagar 85 60 0 2.3 plus 09.

WEATHER SUMMARY

Following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday, June 30 1948:—

Yesterday's depression has remained practically stationary centred near Chaibasa in Chota Nagpur and is showing signs of weakening. The western disturbance is probably moving through the North West Frontier Province and Kashmir.

Rainfall has been widespread in Chota Nagpur, the east United Provinces, east Central India, the Central Provinces, the south Konkan and Malabar and local in Assam, Eastern Pakistan West Bengal, Orissa, Bihar and Berar. A few falls of rain are also reported from the west United Provinces, west Central India, south-east Madras, the Madras Deccan and the north Madras coast.

Day temperatures were appreciably above normal over most of the region from the Punjab to West Gujrat.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 1ST EVENING:— Rainfall will be widespread in Chota Nagpur, Central India, the Central Provinces, Berar, the south Konkan and Malabar and occur locally in Assam, Eastern Pakistan, West Bengal, Orissa, Bihar and the United Provinces. A few falls of rain are also likely in the East Punjab, Kashmir east Rajputana, the Deccan, the south Konkan Mysore, south-east Madras and the north Madras coast. Scattered dust or thunderstorms are possible in the North-West Frontier Province and North-West Punjab.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Malabar and the extreme south Konkan during the next 48 hours.

Sanitary Inspectors' Examination

At an examination for Sanitary Inspectors held in the 1st week of May 1948, under the auspices of the Royal Sanitary Institute, London, and the Government of Bombay, 188 candidates presented themselves The following 119 have passed the examination subject to the approval of the results by the Royal Sanitary Institute, London.

The first seven numbers are shown according to merit of marks and the rest are arranged according to the Exam. Nos.

Nos. 132 and 155 secured equal number of marks. Similar is the case with Nos. 133 and 178. They are therefore bracketted together.

EXAM. Nos.: 118 (132 155) (133 178) 77 150 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 38 39 40 41 43 46 47 48 49 51 52 53 55 58 63 66 67 69 72 73 76 78 80 81 82 86 88 89 90 91 93 98 99 100 101 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 114 119 122 123 125 127 128 131 134 135 136 137 138 139 143 145 146 147 148 152 157 158 160 161 163 164 165 167 168 169 170 171 177 179 180 181 186 187 188 189 190 and 192.

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED THEFT

BOMBAY, Wednesday

R. Sadgui, F.R.Z. Abidin, D. N. Nair and C. I. K. Abidin were arrested by the city police yesterday on a charge of having broken into a godown at Mallet Bunder on May 9 and stolen Rs. 15,175 worth radio and radio materials. They were ordered to be remanded in police custody when they were produced in the Esplanade Court this morning.

The police said that with their arrest, Rs. 8,000 worth of the stolen materials had been recovered.

Dr. T. S. Mahadale, has been appointed as the Superintendent of the hostel for students to be started at Lands' End, Bandra.

BIRD RENDERS PLANE HELPLESS IN MID-AIR

Tyre Of Undercarriage Punctured, "Perfect" Landing After Over Four Hours

BOMBAY Wednesday.

A D.C. 3, Air-India training craft, which took off at 9 A.M. today from the Santa Cruz Air Port, was forced to keep cruising around helplessly in mid-air till 1-45 p.m. when it made a "perfect" crash landing from where it took off.

And all because of a bird!

The plane with pilot Levi and co-pilot Noble took off for routine flight. But, while hovering over the air field it struck a bird, which led to the puncture of the tyre of the undercarriage. With the undercarriage put out of commission, the plane could only make an emergency landing on its belly. But as the craft had a considerable quantity of fuel on board, no emergency landing could be attempted till the last drop of fuel was expended in air.

The plane was therefore advised to keep flying in air till all its oil was dried up. The result was that it had to go round and round over the city for four and three quarters of an hour—after which the pilot and co-pilot managed to effect a landing with admirable skill.

It may be recalled that nearly six months ago a similar experience befell a Delhi-bound Air-India passenger plane, which also made a safe landing after seven hours in the air.

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The Standard remedy that
speedily relieves the pain of this distressing ailment without operation. It easily penetrates the swollen tissue to stop pain & banish piles for good. Manufactured by: W. B. Cartwright Ltd., Leeds, England.
Sole Distributors: Castophene Mfg. Co. opp Electric House, Bombay 1.

WHO WANTS MY NOSE?
Can't Smell . . . Can't Taste . . . Can't Enjoy Anything . . . Can't Breathe
ARE you, too, a sufferer from Head Colds and Nasal Catarrh? Do you wake up in the morning with your nose and throat blocked with germ-laden mucus? If so, your Nose needs Mentholatum. This wonderful breathable balm when applied into the nostrils acts instantly. Its antiseptic vapours speedily open up congested breathing passages, soothe away irritation, bringing swift ease and amazing comfort. 'Mentholatum' stays where it is put and its action lasts for hours. It is the quickest-acting remedy ever known for Head Colds, Nasal Catarrh and Coughs. For Chest Colds rub 'Mentholatum' on the Throat, Chest and Back. It draws out the inflammation and makes breathing easier. 'Mentholatum' is sold in jars by all up-to-date dealers.

MENTHOLATUM
Agents: T. Bajanji & Co., Central Bank Buildings, Fort, Bombay
Made in England by The Mentholatum Co. Ltd., Slough, Bucks.

The Bombay Chronicle

Toleration is a good thing in its place; but you cannot tolerate what will not tolerate you, and is trying to cut your throat.

—FROUDE.

TWO ANSWERS

In 1942, Louis Fischer mentioned in one of his articles that Lord Linlithgow had said, off the record, that never in the history of Indo-British relations had there been greater bitterness in India against Britain. That was when Churchill and the Churchill clique ruled the roost. Lord Mountbatten speaking at a reception in London remarked, "Good feeling in India towards Britain has never at any time been as high as it is now. Nothing but criminal lunacy in this country could possibly destroy this feeling". This is a sharp rap on the knuckles for Mr. Churchill. It packs into a seemingly innocuous report back on Indian conditions more punch than any long statement could do. It is a fitting precis of what Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said almost on the same day in India. It is a complete answer to the rantings of Mr. Churchill, a rebuttal in full of Mr. Churchill's condemnation of the Attlee Government and its empire policy. Lord Mountbatten says in effect, "Mr. Churchill had his chance and bungled it; and, if he had it again, he would most probably undo all the good achieved. Therefore, giving him the chance or listening to his advice would be criminal lunacy". It is true that in Lord Mounbatten's speech there is all the mark of self-approval. But why not? Judged by British standards, his work has been an unqualified success; and Lord Mountbatten was speaking to a British audience. To have changed Indian feeling from the bitterest distrust to goodwill unbounding is no mean achievement. But in the larger context, it is effective and decisive. The man on the spot has reported against Churchill. Even on the Hyderabad question, Lord Mountbatten has cut the ground under Churchill's feet by stating openly that the last draft agreement was arrived at between himself and Sir Walter Monckton who were both disappointed when it was turned down,—a very disturbing revelation for the Churchillian presentation of the Nizam as poor David going forth to battle.

Whilst Lord Mountbatten demolished the irate Tory in this gentle but effective fashion, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel with characteristic vigour delivered a broadside and called on Mr. Attlee to restrain British publicists from explosions of malice and mischief. Sardar Patel will be put off here with the unvarying excuse that as a democracy Britain cannot restrain anyone, least of all an irrepressible trouble-maker like Mr. Churchill. Nevertheless, the realisation that irresponsibility might lead to misunderstanding also in India, might induce a better appreciation of the need for restraint. Except that by this pardonable playing into the hands of British reactionaries who will loudly denounce the Sardar for his undemocratic attempt to suppress opinion, the Sardar's speech was a typical presentation of the Indian point of view which, Mr. Churchill forgot, can no longer be suppressed. There was a notable restraint in Sardar Patel's answer to Mr. Churchill on Hyderabad. He might have well observed that far from being an ancient State Hyderabad was not only an eighteenth century creation but even a creation of the British. But Sardar Patel was careful not to let Churchill's mischief-making worsen relations between India and Hyderabad, and presumably preferred to concentrate the full force of his withering sarcasm on the Tory leader's ill-conceived performance. It is an attitude which testifies to the Union's desire to work for a lasting and durable settlement on Hyderabad, using the greatest care to ensure that the present political controversy leaves no scars behind.

Sardar Patel roundly pulled up Mr. Churchill for going back on the all-parties agreement in Britain on the Indian question. He pointed out that India had insisted on such agreement because she did not want Britain's final decision on India to be subjected to shifts and changes, as it would be if it was a party decision. Mr. Churchill has, however, no regard for even agreements entered into by him and his party, in this a true practitioner of Nazi-Fascist methods. He finds India in difficulties, and, what irks him greatly, pulling out out of them by her own efforts. Therefore, he seeks to raise as much trouble as possible. Sardar Patel has exposed this aspect of the Churchill mind with masterly skill. As for the Labour Government having landed India in ruin, the Sardar has delved into recent pre-Independence history to show the direct part played by Mr. Churchill in stemming the tide of freedom until his own people decided to change their pilot. There could not have been a more complete exposure of Mr. Churchill's technique of misrepresentation than Sardar Patel's statement. Mr. Churchill would have done well to remember that India's national leaders are no longer prevented from replying to his fulminations. It is not like old days when he could keep them under duress and have his statements supported and applauded by his henchmen in India.

On the matter of Hyderabad, Sardar Patel was emphatic on the possibility of reaching a settlement if the Nizam only moved with the times. If Lord Mountbatten was specific in indicating that he and Sir Walter Monckton were responsible for the draft Hyderabad agreement, Sardar Patel was no whit less precise in stating that the Union Government was not disposed to temporise and play for terms. The Hyderabad Agreement was a compromise and it represented the farthest point of concession. He called on the Nizam to act in conformity with the wishes of his people and to recognize the inevitability of the consequences of the action and reaction of geographical, economic and other compelling forces on the relationship between India and Hyderabad. This in plain words is a call for accession and and no shilly-shallying. The impelling sense of accession being inevitable is present with all Indian leaders. It has once again been witnessed to by the Sardar. Concessions that can be made to Hyderabad, are all not on this vital issue but on other matters of detail regarding the manner and tempo of affecting a painless transition. And Sardar Patel has indicated in clear words that it would be far wiser for the Nizam to help the natural process rather than be deluded by the effusions of mischief-makers in other countries who have neither responsibility nor restraint. Mr. Churchill's ill-advised outbursts must be welcomed in that it has drawn out from the Sardar a complete answer.

University For Karnatak

A Committee of leading Karnatakis under the chairmanship of Mr. Justice N. S. Lokur has submitted to the Government of Bombay a scheme for the establishment of a separate university for the benefit of the Kannada-speaking people of the province. There has long been a move for the formation of a Karnatak Province and if it should come into existence—as it is bound to, sooner or later, looking to the strong feeling in the matter among Kannadigas—such a province would perforce need to have a university of its own to co-ordinate educational activities in its territory. But the establishment of the Karnatak University need not wait for the coming into existence of the Karnatak Province if the wherewithal to finance the university, is forthcoming. Further, since it is still not possible to foretell with any degree of confidence which of the territories in the Indian Union and the States which have acceded to it will agree to be included in the Karnatak Province of the future and since there is bound to be room in such a province for more than one university, if it elects to have them, the establishment of the university recommended by the Lokur Committee need not at all be postponed. Its jurisdiction may be extended or curtailed, as necessitated by future circumstances.

Since the Karnatak districts of Bombay have been, so to say, the Cinderella of the province, for decades past, they have remained educationally backward and the proposed university will have an uphill task, though a necessary one, to tackle. As a matter of fact, there are not a sufficiently large number of arts colleges and other educational institutions existing at present in these districts to enable the new university to function as a teaching university, a fact which has been frankly admitted by the Lokur Committee. The Committee has, therefore, proposed that the university should, for the present, remain as an "examining" university only, like the Bombay University, though it may undertake post-graduate teaching like the latter. Detailed criticism of the recommendations of the Committee will have to be deferred till the report of the Committee becomes available to the public and the press.

KARNATKI

Honorary Commissions On August 15 Every Year

NEW DELHI, June 29 (API): Honorary Commissions as Indian Commissioned Officers will be granted every year on August 15, the Indian Independence Day, by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Chief of the Army Staff and Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, to those Junior Commissioned officers (formerly known as Viceroy's Commissioned Officers) who have specially distinguished themselves in service, says a Press Note.

Of the total number of 60, such Honorary Commissions that will be awarded, 10 will be in the rank of Captain and 50 in the rank of Lieutenant.

Honorary ranks will be granted to other ranks besides the Junior Commissioned Officers for distinguished service on retirement.

WHAT IS WRONG

By Manu Subedar

In their own way, and in every sphere, members of the public have a feeling that there is something wrong in India as the aftermath of the establishment of democratic self-government after August 15. The problems, which worried society, could not be put right in one day. Some of them became worse with the partition. Ministers at the Centre frequently changed the Departments, over which they presided. Programmes and speeches and promises by politicians and Ministers did not satisfy the public, who have patiently waited for many months.

There are two sections, who criticized the Government: Those who wish to pull it down in order that they may get into power, and others. The others have been irate and impatient because, instead of improvement, they see constant deterioration.

Inflation And High Prices

There are two fundamental evils in India, which must be tackled boldly, and it is high time that those, who know and understand, did not hold back and raised their voice. One of these is the problem of inflation and rising prices, which affect millions and which grind down the middle class gererally create conditions, which have been rightly described as making the poor poorer and the rich richer. Notes are being printed recklessly in accordance with the policy fixed by the previous Government to suit the condition of India and U.K. They wanted to see a boom, which would result in large orders for U.K. that would keep employment going.

The Finance Ministry has had three or four changes in the last years. The Cabinet is under the impression that the Finance Ministry is looking into the matter. The Finance Ministry, on their part, feels that the Reserve Bank is watching this The Reserve Bank authorities are only acting according to existing law and the Reserve Bank Board has not shown in this matter of inflation the initiative expected of them. The have not tendered advice to Government on the subject and the game of printing more notes is going on merrily. The only justification is the proud-but entirely misplaced boast of the Finance Minister, that India was the only country except the United Kingdom that had been able to borrow at 2½ per cent!!

It is not unknown to the public that Government balances since last year have seriously come down and that Government securities have had to be bolstered up with these funds as well as with the funds arising from newly printed notes. Prices have risen in India all round by at least 25 per cent in all articles in the last twelve months without any justification, and they are every day mounting up. There is a limit, beyond which this reckless process cannot go on. Nature will bring its own retribution, but it would bring it in a very disastrous manner in the form of crisis, which will affect not only all displaced activities, but even bona fide and useful activities. If the Cabinet does not sit down as a whole to look into this matter which affects all Departments and is not merely the concern of the Finance Departments they will be engulfed in the popular discontent which is growing. Their downfall will not bring the solution, which lies in a deliberate and careful management of currency, exchange and finance, which has unfortunately not been down during the last two years.

Linguistic Provinces

The other great evil in the country is the pull for linguistic province. The energies of many men, who should be otherwise busy to help the productive activities of the country, are occupied in this futile and harmful course. Many disgruntled parties, who could not get into Ministries, are throwing in their weight in favour of the proposal for the creation of new provinces. The Congress High Command, the Prime Minister and others have been obliged to accept the principle and cannot now get out of it, but the proposal is fundamentally wrong. If everybody will be a provincial who will be the Indians?

In any case on financial grounds, these proposals have to be shelved. On financial grounds, it is necessary even to abolish provincial Ministries and provincial High Courts. The administrative unit known as the province is in any case too big and the inside stresses, as shown by the experience of Madras, are distinctly disruptive. What is wanted in India is between fifty and sixty divisions headed by a Chief Commissioner and a Deputy Commisioner, under whom three or four or five districts would be placed for purposes of administration. The Divisional Court would be the Court for the area, easy to reach for litigents and others. The language of the Division would be the language of the districts, which may be adopted for education as well as for Court work. The Commissioners would work under the democratic Ministry at the Centre, who would send out liaison offers to settle some of the outstanding questions. The association of the people annually elected from primaries would be there born in the district and in the division.

Abolish Provincial Ministries

But the immediate consequence of such a radical proposal would be not only a big economy in finance, but a mobilisation in productive channels of the energies of Ministers and would-be Ministers as well as the plethora of lawyers and others helping in present-day litigation. Simultaneously the Revenue Code and most of the important laws could be simplified as well as codified and the ridiculous confusion arising from different rulings of different High Courts could be done away with. It is true that the percentage of those, who are engaged in lawsuits, is relatively small at any time, but the burden of lawsuits on the public is at present excessive both in cost and in time.

It is suggested that provincial Ministries are not doing any useful work, but any shrewed observer will see that there is a lot of duplication between the activities of the Province in certain subjects and the activities of the Central. This could be avoided and the waste and misdirection of funds as well as energies arising therefrom could be prevented.

A careful and impartial observer will also find that the Ministers' handling of executive maters is inexpert, slow and hesitant. Files are piling up and the speed of public work is not in keeping with the Ministeral pronouncements from time to time. Only when the state is clear in this manner, will the misguided cry for linguistic provinces automatically disappear and the efforts of local man to push themselves forward for public jobs or for Ministry would abate and cease.

The proposal is in one sense a decentralisation in so far as the area of supervision is reduced from that of a province to a division. In another sense this would be a centralisation in so far as the Chief Commissioners would be responsible to the Central Government, whose agents they would be. There is no reason why by universal suffarage for each district, three or four persons could not be elected and by a further election from amongst these district representatives half a dozen persons should not emerge as elected representatives of the people to be associated with the Chief Commissioner with their local knowledge for advising him in certain classes of issues, which arise. It would be out of the district representatives that men would be sent to the Central Legislature, who would on large issues of policy, voice the views of the public, and influence and guide as well as control the Ministry at the Centre.

Economy of finances as well as its right direction to numerous plans, which appear attractive on paper but which are at present destined to remain on paper, could be only affected by a racial measure of this kind. The cry on the part of many for this or that programme is at present isolated. Government of India's own thoughts have not shown sufficient cohesion on financial matters. Each Minister is singing a different song to the great dismay of the business community and producers, who have been constantly protesting. Labour and the masses in whose interests everything should be done, are benefitting from bonuses and other measures, but the benefit is wiped out from an ever-increasing spiral of prices and those, in whose name and for whose sake, administration is being run, have to face an unwelcome prospect of reduced standard of life, deterioration in health and a gloomy outlook for the future.

Let the Union Government appraise the problem set out herein properly First things must come first. The planning Prime Minister when dealing with indicated the importance of fixing priorities. Sectional thought is fatal to India whether it is on the line of Provinces, or whether it refers to the cutting up of administration into separate and water-tight compartments. Non-officials alone can take the whole view of the administration and public opinion must now assert itself to have these two problems be dealt with boldly before the Indian rupee experiences the same decline as the Chinese dollar, and the careerist ambition of individuals, who seek to be Ministers in more and still more newly created Provinces, overwhelms the larger interests of society as a whole.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Ceylon's Barrier

With Russia, one of the "Big Five" in possession of the big stick in the shape of the Veto, Ceylon's application for membership of the United Nations stands every chance of being turned down, as has been the case with applications from Eire, Transjordania and Portugal. Since Ceylon is a member of the British Commonwealth and therefore, in the eyes of Russia, merely a camp-follower, if not a tool in the hands of Britain, would naturally not like one more supporter of Britain to be admitted into the ranks of members of the United Nations. It is, therefore, not surprising to learn that Russia and its satellite, Ukraine, have not endorsed Ceylon's application and have reserved their right to state their views in the Security Council later. There is every probability that after both these states have stated their views, if they find that the application is not withdrawn or that those who have sponsored it are still bent on submitting it to the vote of the Council, Russia will exercise its right of veto once again to prevent Ceylon's accession to the United Nations.

Flaw In U. N.

Purely on grounds of fairness as well as principle, Russia's action in vetoing the membership of a new stateslike Ceylon would be totally unjustifiable. But, is it possible to expect Russia to act otherwise in the peculiar circumstances of today, both within and without the U.N.O.? Russia finds herself opposed and baulked everywhere by U.S.A. and Britain and their allies and it is not unnatural that Russia should not want to be party to any move that would add more power to the elbow of her opponents. Ceylon, at the present at any rate, would almost always be found ranged alongside the western Powers, if she should succeed in becoming a member of the United Nations. Russia cannot be expected to relish such a prospect. One need, not therefore, take Russia to task for her perversity specially in the present case. But, it appears to us that the sooner the constitution of the United Nation is changed to restrict its membership to those states only which are genuinely independent and sovereign states the better, for such a change in the constitution will prevent the bigger Powers from trying to dominate the U. N. O. with the vote of semi-independent satellite states whose external relations are effectively controlled by them, either overtly or covertly. These should have been a provision in the U.N.O. Constitution to make it obligatory on every applicant for membership to declare that it is a sovereign state in every respect. If there had been such a provision, a state like Ceylon now, or even India and other British Dominions, a few years ago, would have found it difficult to make an open declaration that they were sovereign states and could not have become members of the United Nations. Such a provision would have prevented even Russia sponsoring the application for membership from her satellites like Latvia, Estonia and others. Till such a constitutional change is effected in the United Nations, there will always be room for prostitution of its membership by the bigger Powers for their own baser ends, and jealousy and discord will always mar the work of the organisation.

Offer To Be Withdrawn

The report that the Union offer to Hyderabad is about to be withdrawn, is something that was to be expected. The Nizam cannot expect to be humoured like a spoilt child whilst irresponsible meddlers outside call loud attention to the callousness of the parent. The idea that His Exalted Highness can play fast and loose with the Union Ministers as he does with his own cabinet, has to be removed from the minds of what Sardar Patel aptly called the "ruling class." The Nizam has had warnings enough that the patience of India is exhausted. If he still persists in playing his own game, he will soon realize that dexterity and adroitness will not serve him. Nor can he hope for much more than sympathy from his dubious friends in the outside world. Hyderabad, as Pandit Nehru put it, cannot run away from India. There has been a lull in the Union where public opinion has shown commendable restraint. But it is obvious that the feelings of the people have been greately roused by the Nizam's recalcitrance and the provocations of his instigators.

Little Hyderabad

Bhopal, like the man in the Flood who insisted on being saved in a separate ark of his, is holding resolutely out from the Madhya Bharat Union. It is a curious phenomenon to see this little principality standing out as a "viable State" and expecting to retain its individuality. The States Ministry started with the Orissa States and did not bother about the little rulers who sought to retain their separateness without opposing union with India. But it is obvious that in a short while these islands of prestige will find out the disadvantages of isolation and fragmentation as they see the progress of the larger units that have grown out of the greater accomodation of more progressive neighbours. There is however another aspect which reveals that integration is a process that has to be worked out: As things stand now, there must be some thirty odd units of the Union, of which more than half will be individual States. If there is any fear that this is an exaggeration, let the facts speak: Cooch Bihar, Manipur, Tripura, Mayurbhang, Khasi, Rampur, Bhopal—these swell the numbers without justification. To call any of these "viable" is to twist the meaning of words. Obviously, what we are seeing now is an age of transition and the final picture is not difficult to guess.

Luring Them On

Mr. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, had some very healthy advice to offer to public servants who when offered a bribe, lead on the tempter until he gets into a trap, and comes up before the bench. It is essential not only that the bribe should be refused but also that the would-be briber be told not to commit so criminal an act. The only hitch to this line of action is that all public servants do not function as magistrates and the evil-doer is little disposed to listen to moral lectures from ordinary mortals. Moreover, the Khambatta way would be less effective because the thwarted offender would just turn his attention to weaker vessels. Whilst if once a punishment is imposed, he will think ten times before putting out his neck again. There is, it is true, something very repelling about the marked currency technique of crime detection. But it is no use ignoring the fact that so far no better way has been devised. It is hard on the poor public servant who brought the other man to book, to have had to endure a lecture for his pains. But he might well consider himself lucky that he did not find himself involved as an accessory. After all bribes, like clapping, require two hands.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"We have had long discussions on how to fit this great State into the picture and these discussions continued until about ten days ago. It was heart breaking to Sir Walter Monckton, Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam, and to myself that the proposals we jointly worked out were not accepted.

—Mountbatten.

* * *

Speaking within forty-eight hours of Mr. Churchil's last historic oration (upto date) Lord Mountbatten is reported to have said at a reception: "Good feeling in India towards Britain has never at any time been as high as it is now. Nothing but criminal lunacy in this country could possibly destroy this feeling."

Mountbatten has obviously torn it. When the great Churchill becomes Prime Minister and stars the Third World War he wouldn't give Mountbatten any job in the Navy let alone making him First Sea Lord.

* * *

In his reply to Winston Churchill, the Sardar feels that an attempt is being made by Tories to whip up enthusiasm in favour of Britain's one-time "Faithful Ally" against India.

Wrong in our opinion. What is being intended is to whip up the "Faithful Ally" good and hard.

* * *

The question of Hyderabad, the Sardar observes, could be solved peace fully if the Nizam would shed the utterly medieval conception of his rule.

We beg to submit that the Sardar is being too hard. As with manual work so also with mental effort one must not be expected or called upon to achieve more than one's personal capacity permits.

* * *

In Karachi, we are informed, the Kashmir Commission will play its compliments to the Pakistan Government and will then go to New Delhi where it will hear India's case in the dispute.

The Commission is both right and wise.

By the way, "compliments" is, of course, an absent-minded mistake for "respects."

* * *

In its rejection rejoinder to the Cominform communique, the Yugoslav Communist Party says, among other things, (1) The Central Committee of the Yugoslav Communist Party accuse the members of the Cominform of accepting Russia's criticism of the Yugo-Slav Party.... (2) It is entirely false that any Russian citizens have been shadowed in Yugoslavia and (3) Relations between the Soviets and Yugoslavia must be based on mutual confidence.

Now we have Clue Number 1.

* * *

London message: Observers thought that the Tito-Moscow rift, if prolonged, might solve the Trieste problem, speed Australia peace treaty, lessen Communist pressure on Greece, create a crisis in Albania "who is closely allied with Yugoslavia."

Why stop there? Let the joy of wishful anticipation be unconfined.

* * *

Yet another deadlock has arisen in the Dutch-Indonesian negotiations as a result of the Dutch objections to the proposals made by the American and Australian members of the Good Offices Committee.

But why should the Dutch accept any proposals now, even though such proposals may yet be nothing less than half a raw deal for Indonesia?

* * *

Tokyo, Earthquakes followed by fires and huge tidal waves have wrecked thousands of homes in cities of Central Japan.

Even providence often enough lacks the sense of correct and wise timing. If it had inflicted this calamity, on the poor Japanese in 1941, they might have been saved from Tojo and so much misery.

A. I. TELEGRAPH MASTERS TO MEET

Extending Top Class Service To Public And Press

CALCUTTA, June 30 (API): An All-India Conference of Telegraph Masters will be held in New Delhi on July 7, it is announced here.

The object of the conference is to analyse the cause of public complaints, and to devise means for extending to the public and the press top class service. Sri Krishna Prosada, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs will open the conference.

Churchill Keeps Mum On Patel's Rejoinder

HIS OUTBURST EXPLAINED AWAY AS ANTI-GOVT. AND NOT ANTI-INDIAN

LONDON, June 30, (Reuter): Conservative leader Wiston Churchill today declined to comment to me on Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's reported rejoinder to his observations on events in India during his weekend speech at Luton, in Bedfordshire cables Reuter's political correspondent.

Sardar Patel's reply was not unexpected in London, where India's sensitiveness to public references to her domestic affairs is known and understood.

It was considered, however, that Mr. Churchill's observations could best be judged by India against the background of considered United Kingdom policy, overwhelmingly endorsed by the House of Commons and—with certain reservations and expressions of anxiety—by a large number even of the Opposition.

The tendency in political quarters was to interpret the Churchill remarks as meant not as an attack on the new Dominions but as one of his occasional outbursts against the British Government.

The true perspective of such incidents is doubtless apparent to those close to the centre of affairs in India.

It is appreciated here also that they are calculated to arouse resentment and to assume an exaggerated importance when transmitted to the other side of the world where only a minority is in a position to judge the case from personal knowledge.

The overwhelming mass of British public opinion, it continues to be clearly demonstrated, endorses the Government's policy towards India Pakistan through the steps leading to the transfer of power.

Excepting a small minority, political opinion irrespective of party, acknowledges that the course of events was inevitable, and there is great satisfaction in the knowledge that today relationships between this country and the two great new Dominions —as Earl Mountbatten declared only yesterday—are better than ever before.

PATEL'S SPEECH FEATURED

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's attack on Mr. Churchill for his "mischievous and venomous" comments on India during his weekend speech at Luton were widely featured in today's London newspapers. Most papers gave the story front—page prominance despite claims upon their small space from the dock strike and the Cominform wrangle.

61 Detenus Ordered To Be Set Free

ALLAHABAD, June 30 (UPI):—Twenty "habeas corpus" applications were disposed off by Mr. Justice Dayal in Allahabad High Court and in all 61 detenus of Etah, Banaras, Bareilly, Deoria, Gorakhpur, Ganaabad and Meerut were ordered to be released from custody, their detention being held to be illegal and improper

CALICUT, June 29 (API): Five Muslim village Munsifs were arrested by the police so far from different taluks in Malabar and taken to Cannanore Central Jail for detention

Surrey's Stiff Fight Against Aussies

DISMISSED FOR 221 IN FIRST INNINGS

LONDON, June 30. (Reuter: Don Bradman won the toss but put Surrey in to bat on a good wicket in their three-day match which began at the oval today in cloudy weather with bright periods.

The Surrey batsmen were none too happy against the Australian attack and they found scoring chances so limited that only 66 runs came in the 90 minutes before lunch for the loss of three wickets.

Both Loxton and Hammence made ball lift and after eight runs had been scored in 25 minutes Laurie Fishlock ducking to a short pitched ball from the fast medium Loxton, received a heavy blow on the back of the head.

He resumed batting but at the end of the following over was forced to leave the field.

Squires who took his place did not last long for without a rising delivery from Loxton struck him on the hand and flew into the hands of Bradman, one of an arc of three short leg fieldsmen. Barton also fell to a catch in the leg trap making two wickets down for 14.

Fifty runs were added before Fletcher who had played a sound innings was also taken in the leg trap in the last over before lunch.

Parker, let off by Bradman at Mid-off when 35, cut and drove vigorously during periods of his stay of two hours 55 minutes and hit ten fours in his 76. His partnership with Holmes, the Surrey captain added 33 in 20 minutes for the seventh wicket during which one over cost Toshack 16.

Micinte was playably legbefore in the fifth over after lunch, but then Fishlock returned and showing no lack of confidence after his injury helped Parker to add 60 in 55 minutes. He was missed by Brown at long-on when 19. Brown split his hand when he misjudged the catch and went off. Ian Johnson fielding subsitute.

Hammence dismissed Fishlock at 145 and Eric Bedser two runs later. Holmes was caught at long-on at 180 and Parker's effort was terminated by Ring at 183.

Constable and Watts remained until tea, Watts claiming a bright 23.

Watts, after an enterprising 30, was bowled by a half-volley at 217, and four runs later a brilliant throw in by Loxton from extra cover ran out Constable and ended the innings.

AUSTRALIAN BATTING

Hammence failed as an opening batsman instead of Brown, but Hassett and Bradman exposed the limitations of an attack which lacked the services of test men Laker and Alec Bedser, both suffering from strains.

Bradman raced to his 50, including six fours, in 55 minutes and in the last 90 minutes they added 147 for an unbroken second wicket partnership. The Australians finished only 68 behind with nine wickets in hand.

The Australians first wicket fell at six.

SCORE BOARD

SURREY (1ST INNINGS)

Squires c Bradman b Loxton	0
Barton c Ring b Loxton	4
Fletcher c Hasset b Tochack	26
Fishlock c McCool b Hamence	31
Parker lbw Ring	76
McIntyre lbw Ring	6
Eric Bedser c Saggers b Hamence	0
Holmes c Harvey b Toshack	23
Constable runout	2
Watts b Ring	30
Surridge notout	4
Extras	19
Total (allout)	221

Fall of Wickets: 1/8, 2/14, 3/64, 4/85, 5/145, 6/147, 7/ 180, 8 183, 9 /217.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Loxton	25	7	47	2
Hamence	13	4	14	2
Toshack	20	2	76	2
Miller	1	1	0	0
Ring	21-2	5	51	3
McCool	3	1	4	0

Byes 9, leg-byes 7, M-balls three (Loxton 1, Ring 2)

AUSTRALIA (1ST INNINGS)

Hassett notout	64
Hamence c Parker b Watts	0
Bradman notout	84
Extras	5
Total (for 1 wicket)	153

CITY SCAVENGERS DOWN BROOMS AND BASKETS

(Continued from Page 1)

kers' demands. He asserted that even the minister had conceded this point.

Mr. B. R. Patel, the Municipal Commissioner told members of the Municipal Standing Committee in the afternoon that he had received no communication from the Union since June 25 and as the matter had been referred to adjudication, it was now for the Government to decide on further steps.

Questioned by certain members, what the Municipality proposed to do in the event of a strike, Mr. Patel said, he could not answer such a hypothetical question.

About the same time, the Central Strike Committee met at the Union office at Arthur Road, reviewed the situation in the light of the Labour Minister's assurance, but after an hour long debate came to the conclusion that it could not reverse the decision already taken by the General Body. On the other hand, the Committee immediately set about the work of the initiation and conduct of the strike. Leaflets printed in Marathi and Gujrati, were despatched to the various colonies where conservancy workers dwell. Union circles felt that the strike would be more or less complete as far as the city was concerned while they said that the notices may not reach all the workers living in the suburbs.

The sweepers' strike is likely to put the citizens as well as the Municipality in a tight corner. It will be remembered that Bombay sweepers precipitated a strike in April 1946, a day after the Congress Ministry assumed office. The strike lasted a week and brought substantial benefits to the workers.

WHAT DEMANDS COST

The basis of the strike is a thirteen point demand put forward by the annual conference of the Presidency Sweepers' Union recently.

A spokesman of the Municipality explained that it would be financially impossible for the Municipality to bear the cost of these demands. He pointed out that the acceptance of even three of those demands, namely, (a) basic pay of Rs. 40 rising by one rupee increments to Rs. 50. (b) Dearness allowance on the same scale as for industrial workers, and (c) increase in house allowance from Rs. 6 to Rs. 15 would involve the Municipality in an additional expenditure of half a crore or rupees.

LABOUR COMMISSIONER'S APPEAL

In an eleventh hour endeavour to save the City from the insanitary conditions that would follow a total strike by the members of the conservancy staff of the Bombay and suburban Municipalities the Labour Commissioner to the Bombay Government made a fervent appeal to them on Wednesday night "not to resort to the extreme step of strike".

Here is the full text of the appeal:—

"The Government of Bmbay attended from its very inception to the sweepers dispute with the Bombay Municipality over pay, dearness allowance and other terms of service. The Union representatives and advisers have fully consented to the offer of adjudication made by the Government. The assurance of speedy disposal of the adjudication proceedings has also been given. The Government has taken special steps to expedite the proceedings and the adjudicator will be initiating the proceedings within a week.

It is necessary to remind you that the city's conservancy services are essential services involving the health and well-being of millions of people. The strike, if it is staged, would be illegal under the Industrial Disputes Act. It is besides covered by the provisions of the Public Security Measures Act and other Acts and the persons participating in the strike would be liable to the penalty of imprisonment prescribed in the law.

Apart from the legal aspect, there is not the slightest justification for taking resort to strike in the circumstances of the case as the Government has already offered to see that the just demands of the sweepers are met and has accordingly referred the dispute to adjudication. The strike would prove disastrous mainly for the workers who have nothing to gain by such precipitate and unwise step. Past experience of such strikes shows that they have always failed and damaged and discredited the workers. The workers are bound, moreover, to forfeit public sympathy as the public would be the victims of the consequences of dislocation of the public utility service that has such direct bearing on the health and freedom from disease of the city's population. You would therefore be well-advised not to take resort to the extreme step of strike".

UNION LEDERS HELPLESS

It was learnt at midnight that frantic last minute efforts made by the leaders of the sweepers' union to persuade them to abandon the strike were not paid any heed to, by the men.

The leaders are said to have told them to consider the situation anew in the light of the Labour Commissioner's appeal to them not to resort to the strike and also the reiterated assurance given by the Labour Minister that the redressal of their grievances would be expedited through the adjudication machinery.

Mr. Nanda is stated to have made every effort till the zero hour struck to ward off the strike.

The sweepers, it is said, were so insurmountably adamant that no amount of reasoning could succeed and all appeals fell on deaf ears as when the clock struck twelve they declared that the "strike was on".

R

THE RETAIL PRICES of KEROSENE OIL in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District have been INCREASED as shown below with immediate effect:—

	Bombay City Rs. as. p.	Bombay Suburban District. Rs. as. ps.
per 1 gallon	1 3 0	1 5 0
" 3/4 "	0 14 6	1 0 0
" 1/2 "	0 9 9	0 10 9
" 3/8 "	0 7 3	0 8 0
" 1/4 "	0 4 9	0 5 3
" 1/8 "	0 2 6	0 2 9

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Hockey At The Cooperage

BY J. G. MATTRA

After many years we had hockey matchs at the Cooperage again last week-end. Fifteen years ago or more the WIFA took the initiative to run hockey tournaments at the old football ground. There was no controlling body for hockey in existence at the time. The WIFA which was formed a decade earlier had died a natural death owing to its inability to secure a play-ground either from the Government or the Municipality.

The defunct Association had actually inaugurated a couple of tournaments, Sphinx League and Buchanan Cup to boot. I do not know what has happened to the trophies connected with these competitions. Evidently they vanished with the extinction of the Association. Rather unfortunate! I feel if all the more because I had a hand in raising the Bhattacharjee Memorial Cup connected with the League.

BPHA's UPS AND DOWNS

Fortunately out of the impetus given by the WIFA was born the present BPHA. As a separate entity, the Hockey Association had some ups and downs in its career. Its main handicap has been the want of a ground where it could build permanent or semi-permanent stands at the Cooperage. It possesses an excellent play-ground at Churchgate. But what is the good of it if it is not allowed to be enclosed throughout the year and keep the stands on? The Contractors made all the money by putting up the stands every season,—at a very high price—and the BPHA paid through its nose all the time. After long suffering the Association approached the Government to allot them a ground where they could erect permanent or semi-permanent stands.

GOVERNMENT STAND

The Government will not permit anything of this sort at Churchgate. An alternative was suggested at the Lloyd Reclamation and actually a plot was allotted to the BPHA. But then other Associations rushed to the Government to have their share of this area, which forced the Kher Cabinet to withdraw their offer to the BPHA.

The Olympic Association thought of a plan of building a big stadium to accommodate all the Associations—with the exception of hockey. The reason for this exclusion was that hockey and athletics cannot be staged on the same ground as their seasons collide. But the Government insisted all the Associations must join together if wanted to be accommodated on the Lloyd Reclamation. This is not possible unless the Government agrees to give away a large portion of it.

BEST SOLUTION

So far nothing tangible has come out of the BPOAs efforts. Then what's the BPHA to do? Should it wait till etrnity before it pleases the rulers of the Olympic Association to perform the miracle if possible. However it may interest the athletic world to know that both President Tony de-Mello and Secretary Sorab Bhoot—of the BPOA approve of the agreement reached between the WIFA and the BPHA to use the Cooprage jointly. They have their own plans, I suppose, for conducting the Olympic Games.

So after a long lapse of time hockey was played at the Cooperage. All those who are being trained for the world Olympics took part in the four matches that were staged. Many of the Bombay and Maharashtra players had also an opportunity of taking part in them. Who says good hockey cannot be played on that ground? They should have seen these contests to satisfy themselves. Anyway I am convinced that hockey will become as popular at the Cooperage as it has been at Churchgate and the Azad Maidan. What we need to do is to provide attractive fare to the public.

Kirkee Football Tournament

Kirkee Football Tournament organised by the Maharashtra Football Federation will commence from July 17 Ammunition Factory Sports ground. Entries close on July 12 The matches will be generally played on Saturdays, Sundays and Government holidays: Full particulars can be had from:— Mr. H. L. Dubois, Hon. Secretary, Football, Ammunition Factory S. Club Kirkee Poona No. 3.

Indian Test Cricketeer Honoured

LONDON, June 30 (Reuter): A. H. Kardar, Indian test cricketeer, is included in Oxford University's team to play Cambridge University in the annual cricket match which begins at Lords on July 3.

Other overseas players in the are C. B. Van Ryneveld (South Africa) B. H. Travers (Australia) and H. S. Robinson (Canada).

Thieves Return Racing Trophies

LONDON, June 30 (Reuter): Two valuable British racing trophies, the Royal Hum Cup and the Queen Elizabeth Cup, stolen ten days ago from the house of a wealthy race horse owner here, today reappeared on his doorstep.

The trophies which are about 18 inches high, were undamaged.

Thomas Cup Badminton Tournament

LONDON, June 30, (Reuter): India have drawn Canada in the first round of the American zone of the Thomas Cup, the International Badminton trophy being run on Davis Cup lines. The only other team in the American zone is the United States who received a bye and meet the winners of the India-Canada contest.

Ten nations altogether are taking part in the competition. Both interzone ties will be played in England, the first on February 21 and 22 next year and the final on February 25 and 26.

INDONESIAN DEADLOCK

Both Parties Looking For Today's Security Council Debate

BATAVIA, June 30, (Reuter): Dutch and Republican negotiators, once more bogged down in their six months quest for a political settlement in Indonesia, were tonight looking to the Security Council's debate tomorrow as their best chance for breaking the deadlock.

The issue on which the talks reached their third Impasse in recent weeks was again the unofficial proposals for a settlement put forward by the United States and Australian members of the United Nations Good Offices Committees.

The Republicans described the proposals yesterday as "the only opportunity for settlement" and appealed to Dutch to discuss them.

The Dutch replied that their decision not to consider them was final.

The proposals which the Indonesians wish to discuss and the Dutch reject were made originally in a working paper by the Australian and American members of the Good Offices Commission.

The Dutch allege that details of the proposals leaked out while they were still confidential and so refused to have them included on the agenda.

A Republican spokesman said that his negotiating delegation did not contemplate doing this at present.

Both parties are now awaiting the Security Council debate on Indonesia tomorrow which they hope will help to break the deadlock.

Australian Wheat For India

NEW DELHI, June 30, (UPI): One lakh tons of wheat are shortly expected to reach India from Australia, out of the latter's 1947-48 crops, as a result of the talks between the Food Ministry's delegation which went to Australia last month, and the Australian Government. This quantity will be in addition to 6,80,000 tons of wheat which India is to receive from Australia under an agreement reached with that country in December last year.

There are also good prospects of India receiving further substantial quantities of wheat out of Australia's new crop.

MARSHALL AID FOR CHINA

Agreement To Be Signed Today

SHANGHAI, June 30, (Reuter): The agreement between China and the United States under the Economic Coveration programme will be signed tomorrow or Friday according to semi-official Chinese sources here today.

The negotiations were said to have been concluded successfully and the signing will take place as soon as approval has been received from the United States Government to whom the draft provisions have been cabled.

Prime Minister Wong Wen Hao Ywan said that 275,000,000 dollars, granted for economic recovery, would be used to buy cotton, foodstiffs petrol, fertilisers and industrial equipment. A further ten percent was earmarked for rural rehabilitation.

A part of the United States aid material would be sold to recall some of the bank notes in circulation he declared.

CHINESE REDS' NEW MOVE

Second Major Sweep Within A Week

NANKING, June 30 (Reuter): Chinese Communists today appeared to be preparing for a second major sweep within a week as strong forces were reported by pro-Government sources to be converging on the Honan plain, southwest of Kaifeng, for a major battle.

The new move would overshadow the first largescale Communist drive along the Peiping-Mukden railway when some 100,000 troops were thrown into the battle.

For the past few days three Government columns have been closing in on the Communist army massed in the northwest Honan plain.

Air Reconnaissance showed that Communist troops were hurrying to the scene from west Honan and west Shantung.

U. S. POLICY IN JAPAN CRITICISED

China's higest Governmental body—the Control Yuan today considered a resolution signed by 96 members criticising American policy in Japan and calling forth the earlier conclusion of a Japanese peace treaty.

The resoluation declared that an early Japanese peace treaty would be to the advantage and satisfaction of all concerned in view of "widespread apprehension regarding American policy in Japan".

4,000 ESTIMATED DEAD IN JAP EARTHQUAKE HAVOC

Crippling Loss To Silk Spinning And Weaving Industry

TOKYO, June 30. (Reuter): Police today officially reported that 4000 people had died in Fukui, Japan's biggest silk town wrecked by earthquake shocks and a tidal wave. Total injured casualties were estiated at 13,018.

Damage to the town's textile industry was estimated at 18,000 million yen. Millions of yards of silk and rayon were lost an about 28 per cent of Japan's spinning and weaving machines were destroyed.

Police reports said 52 towns and villages were damaged and 47,568 houses destroyed in the fourfold quake which hit the main Japanese island of Hoshu on Monday.

In a message to the quake-stricken area today, Lieutenant General Sir Horace Robertson, Commander of the British Commonwealth occupation forces in Japan, offered relief and assistance to the victims.

Deshmukh To Return From London On Sunday

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

It is learnt that Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, who is at present in London in connection with the Sterling Balance Talks between India and Pakistan on the one hand and the British Government on the other, is reaching Bombay on Sunday.

Two other officers of the Reserve Bank, Mr. Narayana Prasad, Director of Research and Mr. P. J. Jijibhoy, Deputy Controller, Exchange Control Department, who were also members of the Indian delegation to the talks will also arrive on Sunday.

..It will be remembered that Sir Chintaman Deshmukh left for London along with Sir Shanmugham Chetty, Finance Minister on May 27.

Calcutta University To Honour Rajaji

CALCUTTA, June 30, (UPI): The Calcutta University today decided that His Excellency Shri Chakravarti Rajagopalachariar is, "by reason of eminent position and attainment," a fit and proper person to receive the degree of Doctor of Law, "honoris causa."

U.S. TO MEDIATE IN PERSIA-AFGHAN DISPUTE

TEHERAN, June 30 (Reuter): The United States will mediate in a dispute between Persia and Afghanistan over the Hirmand River which flows through the Persian province of Sistan, Musea Moturi Esfandiari, Persian Foreign Minister, announced today.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, June 30:

Previous Closing	32.91
Todays Opening	32.86
Difference	—5
Today's Closing	32.67
Difference	—24

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, June 30:

Silver Bullion Forward	Rs. 174-8
Gold Forward	114-12
Sovereign	75-4

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, June 30: Newyork Stock exchange opening prices.

Anaconda copper mining 38—3/8.
General motors 63—1/4.
United States steel common 80—1/4.
United States steel preference unquoted.

Sir Edward Gent Resigns?

LONDON, June 30, (Reuter): Sir Edward Gent, High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya is relinquishing his office, it was learned from a highly authoritative but unofficial source here today. Sir Edward is returning here within a few days and his succesor will be announced within a week or ten days, it is understood.

TYRONE POWER ENROUTE TO ROME

HOLLYWOOD, June 30, (UPA): Actor Tyrone Power and his green-eyed girl friend Linda Christian were 'en route' to Rome today but they refused to comment on rumours that they will be married there. The pair, who met in Rome last year, boarded a TWA plane yesterday.

Power will motor from Lisbon through Spain and southern France and then make a picture in Italy.

P. N. Driver For Goa

NEW DELHI June 30 (UPI): Mr. P. N. Driver has been appointed Consul for India in the Portuguese possessions in India.

Mr. Driver is a professor of agricultural economics in the College of Agriculture, at Poona, and he will proceed to Goa shortly to take up his new appointment.

ONE MORE SHIP FOR INDIAN MARINE

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, June 30 (Reuter): Twenty-three Indian seamen were arriving here today from Bombay to man the liberty ship "Sea King", one of a number of ships bought by India for her new merchant marine.

They were flying here after a night's stay in Boston.

India has bought several ships of Canadian registry and further crews are expected here to man them.

INDONESIA'S DEAL WITH U.S. TERM

THE HAGUE, June 30 (Reuter): Dr. Udo Stikker, Dutch M.P., just returned from Indonesia said here that the Indonesian Republican Government had concluded an agreement with an American Corporation under which "unlimited funds" would be placed at the Republic's disposal in return for a "monopoly on imports and exports" for 15 years

Sterling Balances

PRIORITY FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY

E. R. P. Agreement Affects Position Of India & Pakistan

LONDON, June 30 (Reuter): Well-informed London financial quarters today considered it a reasonable expectation that Britain's Sterling agreements with India and Pakistan would be signed on or about next Tuesday July 6, cables Sydney Campbell, Reuter's financial editor.

The talks are in their final stages but the actual date can not be confirmed.

As to the nature of the agreements, however, reports that Britain has gone far towards meeting India's and Pakistan's requirements of Capital goods and has agreed to a "handsome" release of dollars, were treated with great reserve. It was taken for granted that Britain will have gone to the limit of what she can possibly afford, relative to her strained resources, but it was pointed out that her resources of both Capital goods and Dollars are very strained indeed.

INJURING BRITAIN HERSELF

This puts a close limit on what she can afford. On a short term new India and Pakistan naturally want the maximum releases they can induce Britain to give. But overstrain on Britain, by undermining sterling, would injure India and Pakistan and the other members of the Sterling area as much as it would injure Britain herself.

Signature of the India and Pakistan Sterling Agreement next week would coincide with two other events neither of which augurs generous releases. These are the signature of Britain's Bilateral E.R.P. Agreement with the United States and the announcement of the drain on Britain's gold and dollar during the quarter which ended today. All these developments may actually occur on July 6 or within a day or two thereafter.

OMINOUS COINCIDENCE

Almost simultaneously signature of the ERP Agreement with India and Pakistan would be purely a coincidence, but a rather ominous one. The American ERP Administrator in London is known to feel strongly that the Sterling Area arrangements ought not in any way to prevent Britain making not merely the maximum possible use but the entire use of all her ERP allocation. He would object to India and Pakistan getting any more dollars from their Sterling balances than they would have been able to get if Britain were without ERP.

In the final version of the ERP Agreement, this matters is covered only in general terms, but is is believed that Washington's original draft was much more specific and that in any case Washington's intentions are specific.

EUROPEAN RECOVERY FIRST

Britain's overriding undertaking in the ERP. Agreement is to make the maximum possible contribution to European recovery. The Americans are known to have strong views that Sterling Area drawings must not be allowed, directly or indirectly, to weaken Britain's ability to help her own and Europe's recovery, and that any resources which Britain can spare ought to go to Europe rather than to the Overseas' Sterling Area.

This has self-evident bearing on the question of Britain's "unrequired exports" against India's, Pakistan's or any other Sterling Balances, whether in the form of exports of Capital goods or of Dollar releases.

It was felt in London today that it would be wise to wait to see the texts of the Sterling Agreements with India and Pakistan before jumping to conclusions about them.

CHETTY MUM ON STERLING TALKS

Will Return To India On July 9

LONDON, June 30 (Reuter): The Indian Finance Minister, Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty said in London today that he planned to return to India on July 9 by which time he hoped the talks between India, Pakistan and Britain on the £ 1,200,000,000 Sterling balances would have come to an end.

He declined to say, however, whether or not the talks were proceeding satisfactorily pointing out that he had joined in the general undertaking not to say anything about the conference until the agreed Tripartite "communique" was issued at the close.

Shortly afterwards Mr. Chetty left his London Hotel to fly to Prague. He was accompanied by the High Commissioner for India in Britain, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon and they will stay in Czechoslovakia two or three days.

The High Commissioner is due back in London, in any case, by next Monday, when on behalf of the Dominion of India at Chatham Dockyard he receives from the British Admiralty the cruiser "Achilles" which is to be renamed "The Delhi" prior to her sailing back to home waters on the following day.

FINAL STAGE IN STERLING TALKS

NEW DELHI, June 30, (U.P.I.): The sterling balance negotiations in London have reached the final stage and H.M.G.'s terms for agreement have been cabled to the Finance Ministry of the Government of India for reference to the Indian Cabinet.

Mr. Narahari Rao, Finance Secretary and member of the secretariat staff of the Indian delegation is expected back in Delhi on July 2, when he will explain the terms in detail to the Cabinet.

ABDULLAH-IBN SAUD PACT TO "RESCUE PALESTINE"

Transjordan & Saudi Arabia Exchange Diplomatic Representatives

CAIRO, June 30 (Reuter): King Abdullah of the Transjordan and King Ibn Saud of Saudi Arabia, at their first meeting for 25 years at Ryad, Saudi Arabian summer capital, examined questions vital to the Arab world, especially Palestine, the influential Cario newspaper, "Al Ahram", said today.

King Abdullah, before leaving for Baghdad, Iraq, where he is due later today, told the newspaper's correspondent, King Ibn Saud will do his important share to keep Palestine united and safeguard it for the Arabs.

"I would have liked King Farouk of Egypt to have been with us for it was he who laid the corner stone of this meeting", he said.

King Abdullah and King Ibn Saud met for the first time since enmity sprang up between them nearly 25 years ago over King Ibn Saud's annexation of the kingdom of King Abdullah's father. King Hussein and of his brother, King Ali.

The meeting "reached complete agreement on national and patriotic objective", according to a joint Communique issued by the Arab League today.

The Kings said they were doing their best to "rescue" Palestine within the framework of the Arab League.

King Abdullah today arrived in Baghdad from Ryad, Saudi Arabian summer capital, where he met King Ibn Saud yesterday a Reuter despatch reported.

The Communique said "we realised through the discussions complete agreement on our points of view regarding private and public affairs and complete understanding on patriotic and national objective.

"We are particularly in agreement in our support of the Arab League in all the decisions within the frame of the League's Charter and in the limits of its responsibility especially in regard to Palestine, where we are doing our best to ensure for the Arabs complete independence and sovereignty and to rescue the country. We place our full trust in the Arab League and its Political Committee. We are sure if the League is forced to take up arms, it will be in defence of the fundamental Arab interests, honour, liberty and peace".

Transjordan and Saudi Arabia will exchange diplomatic representatives for the first time in the history of the two States, according to press reports from Ryad.

GOVERNMENT DISPOSALS RETAIL SHOP

FRESH ARRIVALS

1.	Omega Watches	Rs. 120/-
2.	Hamilton Master Watches	Rs. 125/-
3.	Hamilton Stop Watches	Rs. 175
4.	Bedroom Slippers for ladies in several fancy colours (English make)	Rs. 7 8/-
5.	Skirts Serge	Rs. 5/-
6.	Velvet Corduroy (American) Dressing Gown	Rs. 22/-
7.	Shorts Khaki	Rs. 3/-
8.	Stocking Woollen Khaki	Rs 1 8/-
9.	Mattress covers (American Drill)	Rs. 5/-
10.	Blue Overall	Rs. 6 8/-
11.	Shorts white & Blue drill	Rs. 2 12/-
12.	Hair Brushes Nylon	Rs 2/-
13.	Hair Brushes (ordinary)	Rs. 1/-
14.	Toilet paper	Rs - 6/-
15.	Pocket scissors (U.S.A.)	Rs 1 4/-

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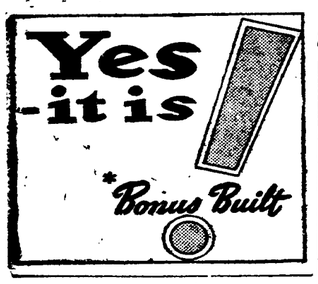

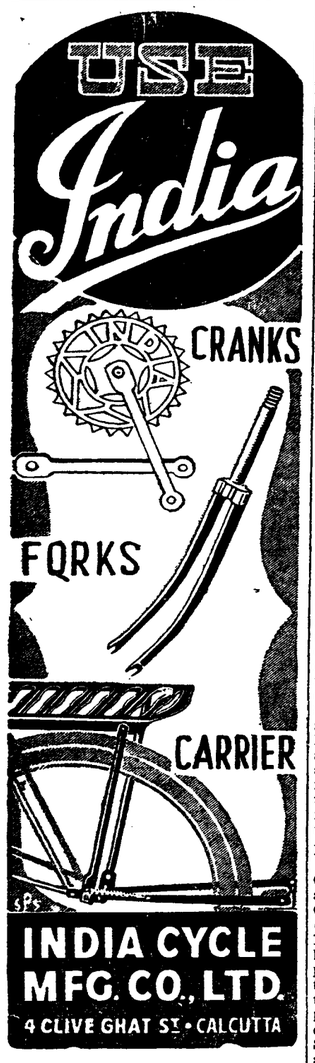

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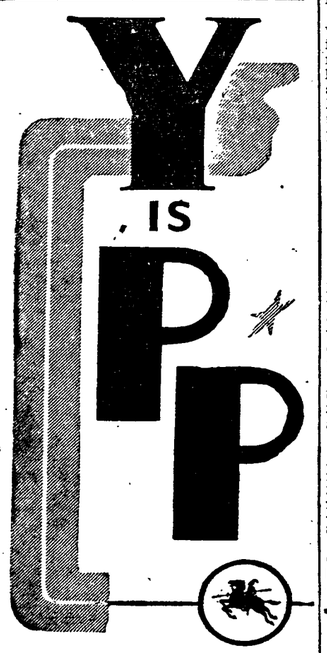

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"Quaid-i-Azam's Word Is Law"?

Karachi To Be Separated From Sind In Fortnight?

SEC. 93 TO BE REVIVED IN PAKISTAN?

Move For A Glorified "Western Pakistan"

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Air Mail)

"The Quaid-i-Azam's word is law" said Choudhary Khaliq-uz-zaman, Organiser of the All Pakistan League in interview to two veteran Muslim League workers of East Bengal and this is what is today exactly happening in Pakistan. Whatever the Quaid-i-Azam says, it must be done. In fact Thy will be done' is as much applicable to this overlord of Pakistan as to the Almighty God!

At last the final phase of the battle of Karachi, so far as the Pakistan Government is concerned, has ended. Khwaja Shahabuddin, Pakistan Minister for Interior, information and Broadcasting who was to speak on Karachi issue some ten days ago had to postpone the press conference, as he probably could not dare to speak before knowing the Quaid-i-Azam's views on this issue. Recently, a deputation of five members of the Action Committee, appointed by the Sind Muslim League Assembly Party met the Governor-General at Ziarat. The Quaid-i-Azam gave his final verdict in favour of the Pakistan Government to separate Karachi from Sind. The interesting point about the interview was neither the Quaid-i-Azam could convince the Delegation how the separation was a boon to Sind, nor the deputation could convince the Quaid-i-Azam how Sindhis were sad over the question of separation. But whatever the Quaid-i-Azam has said "must be carried out". Therefore, the long awaited press conference was at last held, and Khwaja Sahib repeated the same advice of the Quaid-i-Azam like a gramaphone record. Now it seems finally decided that Karachi will be taken by the Centre within a forthnight and separated from the rest of the Sind Province.

REVIVAL OF SEC. 93 IN PAKISTAN

The inclusion of Section 93 in the Government of India Act 1935, as adopted by the Pakistan Provincial Constitution Order 1947, is under consideration of the Government of Pakistan. This "Consideration" has been causing great sensation in the political circles. It is gathered that the Ministries of the N.W.F.P. and the West Punjab are likely to be suspended. Though no such emergency existed at present, the inclusion of Section 93 was being considered only as a measure of safeguard in the case of an emergency, hinted Khwaja Shahabuddin at the press conference. A special ordinance in this connection might be issued soon.

The revival of Section 93 of the Government of India Act and its power invested in the Governor-General, as revealed by Khwaja Shahabuddin, has created a deep misunderstanding and feeling of revolt among the Sindhis who are opposed to the "Separation of Karachi". As a result of the proposed revival and Section 93, anti-separation agitators, who have started propaganda in full swing, are preaching the people that after the separation of Karachi from Sind, they would lose Sind as well.

The high-brows of Pakistan seem to think that the promulgation of Section 93 would deprive the people of Sind of its Ministry and the same might be extended later to the West Punjab and Frontier provinces, and in the end, as suggested by Sir Walter Monckton, one state known as "Western Pakistan" might be established with a view to curtail the expenditure on the different Provincial Administrations. After dissolution of Ministries in the three provinces, the Centre it is understood is likely to expand the present Cabinet, absorbing one or two candidates from each province according to their population.

Quaid-i-Azam Mohammedali Jinnah's return here from Ziarat on the 29th June is now being eagerly awaited and some sensational developments might be expected soon.

PAKISTAN G. O. C. SUMMONED BY QUAID-I-AZAM

Great importance is being attached to the visit of Maj.-Gen. Akbar Khan G.O.C. Pakistan who was suddenly summoned by the Quaid-i-Azam to Ziarat. As a result of the breakdown of Indo-Hyderabad talks, it is gathered that Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan, has cancelled his visit to Delhi to attend the Inter-Dominion Prime Ministers' Conference. A press note was issued in this connection stating that Liaquat Ali Khan was indisposed and therefore, he could not proceed to Delhi.

NATIONAL ANTHEM FOR PAKISTAN

Two prizes of Rs. 5,000 each have been offered for the composition of a tune and the composition of words for a National Anthem for Pakistan. These prizes have been offered by Mr. Ahmed A. R. Gani of Transvaal South Africa and an Experts Comittee will be appointed to make selection and then recommend to the Constituent Assembly for final adoption.

Untouchability will be unlawful all over Pakistan if the recommendation now made by the Fundamental Rights Committee of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly is accepted by the authorities.

The Committee has opined that "the notion of untouchability is inconsistent with the dignity of man."

NO DISTINCTION BETWEEN CITIZENS

The committee further recommended that there should not be any discrimination among the citizens on the grounds of religion, race caste or sex. Citizens have also been assured of equality of opportunity in matters of public service and freedom of speech association movements, acquisition of property, practise of any trade or profession, subject to public order and morality.

NO SURRENDER TO SOVIET BLACKMAIL

Commons Greet Bevin's Declaration: Marshal's Reaction To Berlin Crisis

LONDON, June 30. (Reuter): The House of Commons greeted with loud cheers to-night a "no surrender" declaration by Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin when he reviewed British plans to meet the Berlin crisis caused by Soviet traffic restrictions.

Mr. Bevin gave his undertaking in reply to a demand by Mr. Anthony Eden, wartime Foreign Minister who is now Deputy Leader of the Opposition.

'There are occasions when only one possible course of action presents itself that can preserve peace", Mr. Eden said. "If ever there was a time to stand firm it is now. If ever there was a case in which to stand firm it is this".

He urged that the Government should tell Moscow jointly with the Western Allies, "we are not prepared to be intimidated by brute force or Blackmail"

"It was unthinkable that we should now draw back", Mr. Eden said. "The effect on our authority and that of our Allies would be catastrophic. "within 24 hours, perhaps less, thousands of Germans who have been co-operating loyally with the British, American and French military authorities would be torn from their homes and placed under arrest. We know then what their fate would be. The shock to Austria would be devastating. How could Britain build up Western Union and bring Italy within its orbit and allay the fears of the Scandinavian countries if we ourselves ran away from Berlin.

MAKING WAR INEVITABLE!

"Despite its provocative acts, I cannot believe that Kremlin today intends war. But any vacillation on our part now would only encourage the rulers of the Soviet Union to believe that further pressure would result in further yielding until at last a stand has to be taken which makes war inevitable".

Mr. Eden was supported by Mr. Frank Byers, Liberal Party spokesman, who said Moscow should be approached with a demand for immediate restoration of essential services in Berlin as a prelude to any further discussions."

At no stage must we give the impression that we intend to go in for appeasement on the Munich pattern, Mr. Byers said. "We must make certain that there is the maximum concerted force available to face potential aggression.

'NO SURRENDER"

Mr. Bevin spoke of the great air lift by which the Western Powers intend to maintain supplies to Berlin. We recognise as a result of these decisions a grave situation might arise he said. Should such a situation arise we shall have to ask the House to face it.

The British Government and the Western Allies can see no alternative between that and surrender and none of us can accept surrender.

NO REFERENCE TO U.N.O.

Mr. Bevin rejected suggestions that the crisis should immediately be referred to the United Nations. "The important thing was to ensure the feeding of Berlin. Other matters could be cleared up afterwards. In the meantime we must go on with all our plans to meet the situation".

MARSHAL'S STATEMENT

WASHINGTON, June 30 (Reuter)—Mr. George Marshal, United States Secretary of State in the course of a statement said today: "We are in Berlin as a result of an agreement between the Governments on areas of occupation in Germany and we intend to stay.

"The Soviet attempt to blockade the German civilian population of Berlin raised basic questions of serious import with which we expect to deal promptly. Meanwhile, maximum use of air transport will be made to supply the civilian population. It has been found after study that the tonnage of foodstuffs and supplies which can be lifted by air is greater than had at first been assumed.

Tito's Action Strengthens Yugoslav Communists' Position

EVEN ANTI-COMMUNISTS FEEL PROUD OF INDEPENDENCE DISPLAYED

LONDON, June 30. (Reuter): Real reason behind Moscow's quarrel with Marshal Tito has been carefully excluded for the Cominform resolution condemning the Marshall and other leading Yugoslav Communists on ideological grounds, it was believed in diplomatic quarters here tonight.

Marshal Tito has refused—so far at least—to obey Soviet wishes on some issue much more important than any of those listed in the communique, it was thought.

This issue must have involved so serious an infringement of Yugoslavia's state sovereignty that Marshal Tito felt that he could not accept it and still retain the loyalty of his followers at home.

The Yugoslav Communist leaders themselves, when they break their silence, may not disclose what the issue was. But it may well have been a Soviet demand that Yugoslavia should accept a large number of Soviet military and economic "experts" to control the training and organisation of the Yugoslav army, the execution of the five-year economic plan, or even the functioning of the Yugoslav ministries.

NAKED INSTRUMENT OF SOVIET POWER

The Liberal "Manchester Guardian" said today that the Cominform's attack on Yugoslavia revealed it as a "naked instrument of Soviet power"—and not the means of exchanging information it professed to be.

Through this organisation the Soviet Government asserts the right to direct the policies and change the leaders of any Government within the eastern sphere," the "Guardian" continued.

"Last night the Communist Party of Yugoslavia answered these charges with a firm and courageous statement. It would seem that Marshal Tito is still in power.

"Whether he will be able to resist for long without risking civil war and the intervention of the Red Army is another matter; but it is an extraordinary feature of the business that the Soviet Government should have permitted the publication of the communique.

Belgrade appeared one of the calmest capitals in Europe last night after the Yugoslav Communist Party's answer to the Cominform charges that the party had "excommunicated themselves" according to reports reaching London.

Radio stations repeated the full text of the Yugoslav reply several times and some observers believed that it had strengthened the Yugoslav Communist Party internally. Even anti-Communists viewed the independent stand of the party with pride.

YUGO MAY REJOIN COMINFORM

"It was believed today that the forth night reply of Marshal Tito's Communist Party to accusations in the Cominform communique in Prague on Monday would eventually bring about an understanding and a return of Yugoslavia to the Cominform, says the latest report from Reuter.

Some Belgrade observers said that the charges, and their denial in the Yugoslav defence, broadcast by radio over all the nation yesterday, had strengthened the Yugoslav Communist Party.

Even anti-Communists took pride in the independent stand of the Yugoslav Communists.

CHARGES OF 'DEVIATION' DENIED

Several times yesterday the Yugoslav radio broadcast the full text of the Yugoslav Communist Central Committee reply giving the nation its first account of the affair.

Point by point the Tito Communists replied to the accusations, chief of which were that the Yugoslav Communists were "deviating" from the Marxist Leninist line, and that they had treated Russia only as a bourgeois nation would be treated.

FRENCH 'REDS' SUPPORT COMINFORM

Despatches from Paris and Sofia reported that the Bulgarian and French Communists endorsed the action of the Cominform.

The Bulgarian Fatherland Front, dominated by the Communists, said that the criticism of the Yugoslavs "in no way alters the friendly relations existing between the Bulgarian and Yugoslav republics"

MALAYAN TERRORISTS "DEFINITELY ON THE RUN"

SINGAPORE, June 30, (Reuter): Malayan terrorists were "definitely on the run" after the all out clean-up operations by the troops and police which began last week, a "communique" from Ipom, nothern trouble Centre, stated.

Reports grew stronger today that Sir Edward Gent, High Commissioner for the Malayan Federation was resigning.

In London Reuter's political correspondent learned from a highly authoritative but unofficial source that Sir Edward was relinguishing office and his successor would be announced in a week or ten days.

There was no official confirmation of the change at the Colonial Office but it was understood that British Government was selecting a successor.

Anti-bandit operations in the peninsula have met with more successors.

Two Chinese were killed and another wounded when a police patrol caught up with the gang which looted Jerantut, 75 miles north-east Kuala Lumpur, on Monday night.

The gang burned down the police station and murdered a Chinese merchant and his son in cold blood. There Malay constables were kidnapped.

Yesterday, Gurkha troops arrested a wanted man near Ipom after a large sweep.

Terrorists last night made their fourth attack on police stations in 48 hours. Police at Ayer Behban station 29 miles noth of Johore Bahru drove them off..

JAP TROUBLE IN EAST INDIES

SYDNEY, June 30. (Reuter): Hundreds of Japanese soldiers who had never surrendered were causing most of the trouble in the Netherlands East Indies, said Mr. Russell Funnel, former Airways Base Manager at Sourabaya, when he arrived back here.

He likened the Java scene to that of Malaya and added, "the Japanese consider they should keep on fighting."

He said that they impressed on Indonesians that they were equal to white men and Communists were hard at work keeping alive flames of hatred. The only difference between Java and Malaya, he said, was that in Malaya the Communists had come out into the open.

Damage To British Interests In Burma

LONDON, June 30, (Reuter): Prime Minister Clement Attlee last night explained to a deputation from the London Committee of the Burma Chamber of Commerce the Government's views on compensation for war damage suffered by British interests in Burma and the nationalisation of British interests by the Burmese Government.

A statement issued after the meeting, merely listed the subjects mentioned.

Dr. Mehta On Baroda's Problems

BOMBAY, June 30 (API): Dr. Jivaraj Mehta, Prime Minister of Baroda, speaking at a dinner given in his honour tonight by Mr. P. R. Kamani and his co-directors of the Kamani Industries with which he has been associated, referred to the immense task in Baroda that awaited solution.

The work of administration in a free Baroda was arduous and the problems were as great as those of free India, Dr. Mehta said.

A distinguished gathering was present.

U. N. Commission Approve Korea Elections

SEOUL, June 30 (Reuter): The United Nations Commission for Korea today called on the National Assembly and formally expressed approval of the elections held in American-occupied South Korea on May 10.

The Assembly stood and applauded the announcement.

Ninety per cent of the electorate voted in this first election in the country's 4,000 years recorded history.

Dr. Syngman Rhee's Right-Wing Party took 65 of the 195 seats, a rival Right-Wing Party took 28 and minor parties 29 seats.

Gurkha Soldier's Gallant Deed

SRINAGAR, June 29. (API): The gallant deed of a Gurkha combined with the skill and adaptibily of the Indian armys doctors and surgeons, has saved the lives of two soldiers wounded in the snows a few miles north of Razdhanangan, 54 miles north of Srinagar.

The two men were wounded in attack launched by a column of Gurkhas at Korgbal on June 24. Regardless of enemy fire Kalicharan Gurung crawled forward twice and brought his wounded comrades back. One of them who had his left calf blown off by a mortar, was put on a mule while the other was brought back walking. For three miles they were chased by L/NK Gurung shook off the enemy by by keeping up a steady fire.

The treatment here, which included a major operation performed within an hour of the doctors arrival and blood transfusions, soon put the patients well out of danger.

PROFIT-SHARING SCHEME

Committee Examines Views Of Capital And Labour

NEW DELHI, June 29. (API): A Committee of experts on profit sharing, appointed in pursuance of the Government of India resolution of April 6, met in New Delhi on June 25 to 29. The Committee examined the written statements submitted by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, labour and industrial organisations, various Chambers of Commerce and Associations, and economists on the points connected with fair return on capital, reasonable reserves of maintenance and expansion, employees' share of surplus profits accuring to industry, and how best such profits could be divided between capital and labour.

The Committe had also the benefit of the personal views of Sir Shri Ram, Dr. B. N. Ganguli, and of the representatives of Associated Chambers of Commerce, the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, the Calcutta Stock Exchange Association, Bombay Millowners' Association, All India Industrial Employers Organisation, Engineering Association of India, All India Manufacturers' Organisation, All Indian Trade Union Congress, Indian National Trade Union Congress, Hind Mazdoor Panchayat and the Indian Federation of Labour.

The Committee adjourned till July 12, 1948 for final discussions in New Delhi.

Scales Of Pay For Railwaymen

Committee Appointed To Review Adjudicator's Award

NEW DELHI, June 29, (API): The Central Pay Commission in recommending prescribed scales of pay for drivers, firemen, guards and other running staff on railways, suggested that these scales may have to be reviewed consequent upon any radical change in respect of the hours of work resulting from the enforcement of the adjudicator's award and recommended that, till this was done, running allowance under the existing rules, which vary from railway to railway, should continue to be paid to the staff subject to certain ceiling limits says a press communique

Government, have considered and accepted the adjudicator's award in respect of hours of work of running staff, have decided to carry out the review referred to by the pay commission and are accordingly appointing a committee consisting of three senior railway officers to review the prescribed basic scales for running staff and the existing running allowance rules and, to suggest reasonable basic scales and a uniform set of running allowance rules for all Indian Government railways.

This Committee will assemble in New Delhi on or about the last week of July 1948 and it is hoped that it will complete its work in about a month or six weeks.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION IN URDU

NEW DELHI, June 29 (API): The following Press Note has been issued from the Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly of India:

The Urdu Committee of the draft constitution of India met Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly of India, on June 23 and presented to him a copy of the Urdu version of the draft which they had prepared. The members of the committee explained that their objective has been to prepare a translation that would be intelligible to the layman and at the same time to see that it is a faithful and accurate rendering of the English text. In doing so the Committee have purposely deviated from the old style of drafting Acts and legal documents in a language familiar only to lawyers and judges and have used the spoken idioms. In their choice of technical terms they have maintained a uniform standard of selecting words current in law courts and used in common parlance so that there will be no difficulty in interpretation. A glossary of technical terms has been appended to the translation.

The Urdu version of the draft constitution is a priced publication.

King Ananda Murder Suspects Missing

BANGKOK, June 30, (Reuter): Two former Siamese Cabinet ministers were reported missing today following the issue of warrants for their arrest in connection with the murder of King Ananda Madihol two years ago.

They were Tuang Dhamrong Nawasawat ex-Prime Minister and Luang Chavengsakdi Sonkhran ex-Minister of the Interior.

U. N. Kashmir Commission

Advance Party Leaves Karachi For Delhi

KARACHI, June 30 (API): Mr. Richard Symonds, adviser to Mr. Erik Colban, personal representatives of the United Nations Secretary-General on the Security Council Commission for Pakistan and India left for New Delhi by air this morning.

Mr. Symonds will hold discussions with the Government of India with regard to the administrative arrangements for the Commission's stay in India.

SHEIKH ABDULLAH TO TOUR NORTHERN DISTRICTS

SRINAGAR, June 29 (API): Sheikh Mohd Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir, will leave Srinagar tomorrow on five days tour of the northern districts of Kashmir valley to study personally the living conditions of people He will visit Handwara, Bandipur, Kuppwara and other villages. He will be accompanied by the Health and Rehabilitation Minister Sardar Budh Singh, Revenue Minister Mr. Beg and General Secretary of the National Muslim Conference Maulana Mohd Sayeed.

TWO HUNDRED HOSTILES KILLED IN GUREZ BATTLE

SRINAGAR, June 29 (API) Further details regarding capture of Gurez State that we entered Darkhun Gali at 3 p.m. yesterday We occupied the whole of Gurez valley within a few hours. Our troops are still bombing the valley. The enemy was last seen fleeing towards Chorwan about seven miles beyond Dawar Portress on the Gilgitt route According to local people two hundred hostiles were killed in the fighting which took the form of rearguard action on the part of the enemy. Extreme climmatic conditions in which our troops fought is shown by the fact that less than 35 dtbeBn(pRduu yr nJfrthreeT mules died of exposure in this sector. Meanwhile in the battle of transport a jeep made history by reaching Razdhanansfar from Raghal, district eight and half miles, before engineers had made the mule track fit for jeeps.

ASIAN FEDERATION OF LABOUR

I. L. O. Delegates Pledge Support To Organisation

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30, (Reuter): Delegates from six Asiatic countries have drafted a constitution for an Asian federation of labour and plan to call a conference in China next year.

The delegates are Messrs. Liu Sun (China); Aftab Ali (Pakistan), Ruperto Cristobal (Philippines), Thakin Lwin (Burma) Harinharnath Shastri and D. Sen (India) and Oh Sien-Hong (Indonesia).

All except Mr. Oh Sien-Hong are delegates to the International Labour Organisation's conference here.

At a meeting yesterday each delegate pledged the support of his union to the proposed federation.

The proposed constitution gives organisations of workers in Japan, Korea, Indo-China, Siam, Ceylon, Afghanistan Iran, the Arab countries and Turkey the right to apply for membership It is proposed that the new federation should apply to the ILO for membership on a "consultative" basis.

BAY Exchange

IN STEELS ON G: SECURITIES Y

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, June 30.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/8 3/7/6
A. Advance 273/12 75
Bharat 40 39 39/4
B. Dyeing 1086/4 92/8 88/12 97/8
6/4 98/12 91/4 95
C. India 295 96 95 99 97 99
Finlay 322 25 23 24
Gokak 312 13/8 12
I. U. (Defd.) 2/7/6 2/8
I. U. (Ord.) 13/9 13/12 13/11
Indore 515 16/4 13/12 17/8 16/4
Khatau 262/8
Kohinoor 622 24/8 23 27 25/8 27/8
Minerva 192/8
Model 192/8
Mysore 198/12 200
Morarji 505
New City 191/4
New Great 165 64 65
Phoenix 441/4
Simplex 220 19
Swadeshi 606 5/8 12 10/8 12
Swan 351
Tata Mills 71

BANKS.

Baroda 157
Central 89 89/12 88/12 89
Imperial (Old) 2050 52/8 47/8 50
Imperial (New) 502/8 1/4
India 206
Reserve 111 11/8
Union 9/10

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 121/14 2/12 22/8
Andhra Valley 1465
Barat 143/12
Hydro 158
Hydro (Pref.) 126/4
Tower 1570 75 70 75 70

INSURANCE.

Jupiter 25
New India 60 59/8 61
Mercantile 44/8

STEAMER.

Steam 616/4 25 20
Scindia 27 27/1 26/14 27/3 27/1 27/4
1 27/3

STEEL.

I. Steel 22/2 22 22/10 22/8
I. Iron 27/2 27 27/8 27/6 27/8
Tata (Defd.) 1577/8 72/8 85 80 97/8
1620 1600 7/8 6/4
Tata (Ord.) 309 7/8 9 8 11 10 15 12

Tata (IInd Pref.) 140/8 42

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cock 315
I. C. (Old) 168/8 69/8 68/12 69
I. C. (New) 108 8/8 8
Kapur 287 90 88 89
M. B. (Old) 430 31/4 30 31/4 30 31/4
M. B. (New) 151/4 52/8
M. B. Petrol 2/5 2/4/6 2/4/9
Mill. Trust 101
Shipp 475
[illegible] 28 27
Sponst (1st Pref.) 124/6 25
Rajpur 34
Chem. 15/12 15/11 16 15/14 16
(Pref.) 136/4
Oil 54/8
Tyco 301/4 2/8

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 90
Tata Coupon 49 46 49
Bank Coupon 37 38
Bank Right 102 100
Tatu Cotton (Pref.) 633 12
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 120

1260 Tata Power 1322-8
126-4 Bombay Steamer 307-8
636-4 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu
Luxmi 307-8 New Great 222-
115 Shriniwas 98 Elphinstone
Bradbury 371-4 Surat Elec. 131-
Construction (1st) 125 2nd
Amalgamated 123-2 Habib 74
Chemical 136-4 Walchand Nagar
Meter 19-14 Supreme 120 Meyer
McKenzie (1st) 127/8 2nd 125
Tobacco Advance 132-8 Mysore Mill
Ward 101 Madhusudan 12 Kha-

DEBENTURES

1952 (4) 102-12 Bomb[illegible]
(1959) 104-8 Indian Hu[illegible]
Tata Power (1951) 1[illegible]
Bombay Nagar 117.

OUTSIDERS

Copper 2-8 BIC 3-[illegible]
Corporation 3-1 N[illegible]
Mill 3-12 New Vic[illegible]
Preference 5-4 Phalton[illegible]
Mohur 325 N[illegible]
Sri-Hind 375 Sajjan Mi[illegible]
Shahi 200 Ajamshahi 210
11-8 Ambica 17 Air [illegible]
Ind Motor 6-4 India Steam[illegible]

GOVERNMENT LOAN[illegible]

BOMBAY, June 30.

	Rate
1954	98 2
1950	101 [illegible]
1961	96 [illegible]
1948-52	100 [illegible]
1960	100 [illegible]
1962	100 [illegible]
1976	98 [illegible]
Non-Terminable	98 11
1986 Con.	98 12
1949-52	101 6
1951-54	102 6
1953-56	102 11
1957	101 12
1959-61	101 8
1963—65	100 7
1970/75	99 9
1954-59	105 2
1948-53	101 6
1960-70	110 6
1958-68	116 0
1955-60	112 6

PROVINCIAL LOANS.

Madras 1961	98 0
U. P. 196[illegible]	98 0
Punjab 1952	98 0
Bombay 1955	101 8
Bombay 1958	101 12
Madras 1952-	100 6
Punjab 1949	98 14
U. P. 1952	100 6
C. P. 1952	100 6
N.W.F. 195[illegible]	99 10
U.P. 1961-66	100 0
Bombay Munic[illegible]	111 0
Bombay Municipality [illegible]	115 0
Municipality [illegible]	116 0
New Munic[illegible]	101 0
[illegible] T.	112 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, June 30.

The local cotton market will close at 2 p.m. to-morrow.

The market opened quiet today and declined on tired long liquidation but soon recovered on short covering and professional support.

It appears that there will be few tenders against July contract as basis fixed are said to be Rs. 40/- lower than the actual quotations in the spot market. But the general outlook is not encouraging and September is likely to decline.

The market opened quiet with July option quoted at Rs. 672/- and declined at Rs. 668/- on increased offering but later improved at Rs. 674/- on active support and covering. September contract opened at Rs. 657 and after declining at Rs. 652/- advanced at Rs 658/-.

Thereafter there was cessation of buying and prices declined under moderate selling and July stood at Rs. 671/- quotations at 2 p.m. were as under

Later on there was heavy selling pressure on political news and July downturned at Rs. 657/- Before the close there was a small recovery and final closing at 4-30 p.m. was as under:—

I.C.C. July	660	8	0
I.C.C Sept	647	0	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, June 29.

	High.	Low.	Close.
July	679	671	673/8
September	660	655	658

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton July Contract is 957 cent wolnts below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, June 30.

The Produce market was quiet on moderate liquidation by professional operators. Castorseeds September delivery opened at Rs. 150 and advanced at Rs. 151 on increased buying influenced by improvement in Brazilian at £52. But the improvement was not sustained as professional operators unloaded a portion of their holdings and the market declined at Rs. 149-3. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality ..... Rs.	37	0	0
Coromandal ready	36	8	0
Bold ready	36	0	0
June-July	35	5	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	30	4	0
September	148	8	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	27	10	0
July	27	11	0
September	27	10	0
OILS—			
Groundnut ready	20	10	0
Groundnut July	20	0	0
Groundnut August	19	12	0
Linseed Oil	16	11	0
Castorseeed First Pressing ..	19	8	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	17	8	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 30:

B O Rates I I D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B O Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T O D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying I T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying I T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B O Rates I I Rs 332 1/4
Banks Selling T I D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T I Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Frs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Frs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling I I D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling I I D D Frs. 1305
Java Banks Selling I I D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling I I D D Rs. 157 1/2
Manila Bank Selling I I D D Rs. 165 1/4
4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Dol.
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandra Pla 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl. 40
London Belgium Frs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl. 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es. 99-80-100.20
London Manila Pes. 8.09-8.14
London Montreal Dol 4.02 3.4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4 4.03 1/4
[illegible] K. 19.98 20.02
London Paris Frs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K. 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Frs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
Gold London 28-12-3
Gold New York $35
Silver London 45
Silver New York 74 5/8
London Discts. 3 Mos. 3/16 per cent
London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money :—Call 1/2 per cent, 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent, 6 Mos. 1 per cent, 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.

Tone :—Easy.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, June 30.

Tata Ordinary 312/8; Tata Deferred 1606/4; Indian Iron 37/8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 22/8; Bombay Dyeing 1095; Central India 299; Gokak 311/14; Kohinoor 627/8, Simplev 219; Swadeshi 611/14; Tata Power 1570; Associated Cement 169; Belapur 289; Bombay Burma (Old) 431/4; Scindia 27/3; Central Bank 89; New India 41; Tata 2nd Pref. 140.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, June 30.

The Bullion market was fairly steady with moderate support from local operators. The market opened steady with forward Silver quoted at Rs. 175/4 and declined at Rs. 174/14 on scattered profit-taking. At this level there was renewed buying and forward Silver improved at Rs. 175/12 Forward Gold opened at Rs. 114/12 and quietened at Rs. 114/10. Later on forward Silver after touching Rs. 175/12 declined at Rs. 175/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 175/6 and Spot Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/2 while Sovereigns stood around Rs. 75/6.

The market finally closed as under:—

Ready Silver	174	11	0
Forward Silver	174	12	0
Ready Gold	115	6	0
Forward Gold	114	14	0

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, June 30.

	Pics.
45 X II	
Ready	113
June	112½
July Sept.	107½
Oct, Dec.	105
D. W. 40 X 28	
Ready	124 0 0
June	115 0 0
July Sept.	107 8 0

ITALIAN ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, June 30.

150 D. June	5	11	0
150 D. July	4	4	6
150 D. Ready	5	11	0
120 D. Ready	5	10	0
20/22 Yellow Silk Ready ..	21	2	0
20/22 Yellow Silk July	21	4	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

BOMBAY, June 30.

Cotton	930
Linseed	2455
Tilseed	252
Groundnuts	4978
Gram	394
Castorseeds	1276
Mahoora	13
Cotton seed	1777

METAL QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, June 30.

Tin Ready	61	0	0
Shravan Dely.	61	0	6
Copper Ready	90	0	0
Copper Shravan	89	8	0

SUGAR MARKET

BOMBAY, June 30.

Big Grain	115	0	0
Raja	111	0	0
Medium grain	110	0	0
Small grain	107	4	0
August Dely.	37	8	0
October Dely.	36	9	0
Jan Dely.	32	2	0

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account of the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA for the week ended the 25th day of June:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	RS.
Notes held in the Banking Department	
(a) India Notes	3107,98,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	10,000
Notes in circulation	
(a) India Notes	1275,07,35,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	44,78,88 000
Total Notes issued	1350,94,31,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	
Total liabilities	1350,94,31,000
ASSETS	RS.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of a	1179,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin:	
(a) India	39,90,61,000
(b) Pakistan	3,45,31,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	127,84,05,000
Total Assets	1350,94,31,000
LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Central Government of	
(1) India	224,50,43,000
(2) Pakistan	61,36,14,000
(b) Oother Government in	
(1) India	18,03,38,000
(2) Pakistan	8,01,51,000
(c) Banks	104,33,31,000
(d) Others	46,38,98 000
Bills Payable	2,76,78,000
Other Liabilities	17,77,20,000
Rupees	493,17,73,000
Notes.—	
(a) India	31,70,98,000
(b) Pakistan	10,000
Rupee Coin:—	
(a) India	3,94,000
(b) Pakistan	12,000
Subsidiary Coin:—	
(a) India	1,40,000
(b) Pakistan	2,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	15,00,000
(b) External	15,00,000
(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,58,59,000
Balances held abroad	400,14,43,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	
(a) in India	2,00,000
(b) in Pakistan	2,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	3,00 000
Investments	53,21,51,000
Other Assets	6,84,64,000
Rupees	493,17,73,000

LONDON BULLION.

London, June 29.

London Silver:—Spot & Forward both 45 pence. London Gold Bars fine per oz. £8/12/3.

Texas Rains Check Buying In N. Y. Cotton

WALL STREET MARKET IMPROVES UNDER BETTER POLITICAL NEWS

NEW YORK, June 29.

COTTON: A dribbling of liquidation against spot July depressed a featureless market. In the absence of fresh news, attention was again centred on the sluggish export demands, generally favourable crop news and expectations of early new crop movement from parts of Texas. Modest trade demands proved sufficient to arrest the drifting movement together with expectation of a higher mid-June parity price after today's close. Spot July featured late dealings, rallying nearly two dollar bale from the earlier level on covering influenced by technical reasons. Distant options sagged, however, reflecting a favourable interpretation of the weekly weather statement and reports of beneficial rains in Texas. The market closed steady. Sales are estimated at 125,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 29.

July	35.58+08
October	32.91+02
October Highest	32.97+08
October Lowest	32.82—07
December	32.54—04
March	32.34—04
Middling Spot	37.21—05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 29.

July	35.69+19
October	32.89+02
December	32.52+03
March	32.32—06
Middling Spot	35.90

WALL STREET.

STOCKS: The somewhat less disquieting international political situation coupled with subsided pressure enabled the market to aid a mild extension of yesterday's late recovery. Irregularly higher tendencie s covering one dollar prevailed among sugars steels, containers motors and farm implements. Rails were unaffected by reports that three operating unions involved in the present wage dispute demand a wage rise of sixteen cents hourly recommended by the emergency board while Canadian Pacific were not influenced by the rail strike threat in Canada. The averages were industrials 188.45 and rails 61.86. Trading was restricted and the market uuctuated around the noon levels. Atchison was a bright spot among carriers and some sources expressed the opinion that the outcome of today's meeting may have a bearing on the action of rails generally. Containers drew some new attention with industry leaders envisaging a production gain this year above the 3,000 million dollar total output in 1947. Utilities were rather neglected and irregular. Rails sagged slightly but elsewhere the earlier limited advances were mostly maintained. The composite average rate finished modestly higher. The mark closed steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, July 29.

American Telephone and Telegraph	155
Amerex Holding Co.	27-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	38-1/4
Chase National Bank	34-7/8
Sinclair Oil	28-1/2
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	53
General Electric Co.	41-1/4
General Motors	63-3/4
Ingersoll Rand New Stock	72
International Nickel	31-3/4
National City Bank of New York	38-3/4
New York Central Railroad Co.	161 3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	20-7/8
Texas Corporation	62-3/4
Union Carbide New Stock	42-1/8
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. bid	51-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	80
Western Union Telegraph	22-1/4

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Initial declines reflecting hedging against expanding harvest of wheat, prices recovered on workers temporarily returning to the flour mills in Missouri and Kansas pending the outcome of the wage negotiations. Prospects of a higher loan rate and flour mills buying against export sales of flour to Norway and expectations of additional sales to Holland and Belgium supplied supporting influences. Maize was irregular reflecting covering in near deliveries and sales of distants in view of favourable weather.

NEW YORK SILVER.

NEW YORK, June 29.

U. S. price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, June 29, (UPA): On the New York market today, black pepper closed 100 points higher with no sales reported.

The increasingly strong undertone in the spot market caused buyers to raise their bids one cent per pound without attracting offerings.

In relation to the available supply, dealers reported that a "fair amount of business" had been done as consumers apparently began to anticipate their late summer and fall requirements.

Closing prices included:

July	54 bid
September	53 bid
October	52 bid
December	49 nom
January	47 nom
March/May	46 nom

In the ready market, black pepper was quoted at 57 cents per pound asked and white pepper at 70 cents per pound asked. The previous day's quotations were 53 cents and 70 cents asked respectively.

Castorseeds were quoted at dol. 155 nom.

London Pepper Prices

LONDON, June 29 (UPA): The London pepper market today quoted black pepper at 2/8 and white pepper at 3/3.

Malabar pepper was quoted at 310/- aflot.

WORTH STREET ACTIVITY STIFLED.

NEW YORK, June 29, (U. P. A.): Activity on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market was stifled today in anticipation of a three-day 4th of July holiday apart from the continued firm price situation on print cloth fabrics. However, inquiies were less aggressive. Some quarters said that "garment manufacturers appeared to have little faith in the recent advance" and were inclined to postpone new purchases because of the retarded movement of garments at retail during the recent unseasonable weather.

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, June 30.

	Rs.
Jahad dely.	1100 to 1105
Shravan dely.	1100 to 1105

Shipping News

IMPORTS

S.S. BARJORA:—

From Khoramshal:— 126 bgs dry fruits, 97 bgs Almond Kernels 600 bgs Almonds.

From Muscat:— 1018 bgs dry dates, 50 bgs dry fish.

From Dubai:— 25 jottas Assofaitida

From Karachi:— 19594 bgs Port land cement.

S.S. BADRAPUR:—

From Abadan:— 10828 Tons Fuel oil in bulk.

S.S. Dwarka:—

From Basrah:— 122 bgs dry dates, 58 bls Sheep Skins.

From Khoramshal:— 362 bgs Almonds 19 c/s Khlismis 312 bgs jeera seeds, 139 bgs Pappyseeds

From Kowait:— 24 bdls sheep skins

From Karachi:— 216 bgs Almonds, 24 c/s fling 151 bgts fresh fish, 200 bgs Pappy seeds 578 bgs dry fish 555 bgs broken glass.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. BALI:—

To Aden 24 bls cotton P.G. —C. Kasturchand 11 bls cotton P.G.— V. Lalji and Sons 14 bls cotton P.G.— Bhagwandas and Co. 18 bls cotton P.G.— L.S. Desai and Co 7 bls cotton P.G. —P. Achhavlal and Bros.

To Antwerp:— 800 bls Raw Cotton —International Cotton Corp Ltd.

S. S. BARJORA

TO DUBAI: 50 chests B. tea—N. Hirji & Co.

S. S. KING EDGAR

TO RANGOON: 16 bls cotton P. G. —L. Chhaganlal. 224 bdls dry fish—D. Dadabhoy & Co.

S. S. TAHSINIA

TO LIVERPOOL: 25 bls hemp—T. Dawwodbhai, 11 bls raw wool—Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd.

S. S. AMRA

TO MOMBASA: 5 bgs cumuin seeds 15 bgs fennel seeds, 10 bgs dill seeds, 10 bgs corriander seeds, 20 bgs turmeric 10 bgs dry ginger—J. Hemchand & Co. 50 bls cotton P.G.—C. Kasturchand.

S. S. VARSOVA

TO KARACHI: 498 bgs unmafd. tobacco—T. Bhikabhai.

S. S. NETRAVATI

TO KARACHI: 2,000 lumps jagree—H. S. M. Mahmed, 2,000 lumps jagree—H. Noormohmed,. 400 bgs sugar candy—H. Noormohmed, 300 bgs glass bottles—A. Gafarbhai, 90 c/s bakelite ware—A. Gafarbhai 900 bgs glass bottles—All India Glass Work, 60 c/s bakelite ware—All India Glass Work, 150 c/s glass bottles—Dasso Chemical Work, 200 bgs jagree powder—H. A. Noormohmed, 50 c/s pepper mint—H. A. Noormohmed, 1,800 c/s sugar cubes —H. K. Dada (Ind.) Ltd., 180 bgs glass bottles—United Glass Works, 2,000 lumps jagree—H. S. M. Mohmed, 200 bgs sugar candy, H. A. H. Noormohmed & Sons, 200 bgs sugar cubes—H. A. H. Noormohmed & Sons, 700 sugar—H. A. H. Noormohmed & Sons.

BY AIR

TO KARACHI: 33 pcls real jari—A. H. Jariwalla.

S. S. MEGNA

TO COLOMBO: 3 c/s aluminium utencils—L. Amichand.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVAL

"ROSE BANK" arrived from Okha Port with 2647 tons general cargo on June 29 (Agent-Eastern Steam Navigation Co.).

"VARSAVA" arrived from Karachi with 802 passengers and 1730 tons genral cargo on June 30. (Agent-Mackinnon Mackenzie Co).

STEEL RANGER" arrived from Orleans with general cargo of 6000 tons on June 30. (Agent-Mackinnon Mackenzie Co.)

DEPARTURE

"CEULGERM" sailed for Okha Port with 3000 tons bulk wheat on June 28.

"ALAVI" sailed for Karachi with 489 tons general cargo and 874 passengers on June 28.

"RIZWANT" sailed for Jeddah with 487 tons general cargo and 364 passengers on June 29.

"AVONMEER" sailed for Colombo with general cargo of 2000 tons on June 29.

"THOMAS CRESP" sailed for Calcutta with 5000 tons general cargo on June 29.

COLLAPSE OF LONDON DOCK STRIKE CAUSES REBOUND.

LONDON, June 29, (U. P. A.): The collapse of the London dock strike today caused a rebound in Stock Exchange prices, especially British Governments, which rose smartly on bear covering. Old Consols jumped ten shillings to 76.

Industrials were up six pence to a shilling or one 1/6 depending largely on the amount of bear covering they enjoyed.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, June 29.

July 2.31-5/8.
September 2.31-1/2.
December 2.32-1/4.
May 2.30.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 29.

T. T. London on:—
New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

KUTCH HUNDI.

BHUJ, June 30.

Hundi Koris 306 to 307.
Silver Rs. 159.
Gold Rs. 110/12.

COTTON EXPORT FROM PAKISTAN

KARACHI, June 29. (API): A press note of the Ministry of Commerce, Industries and Works, Government of Pakistan, states:—

In order to further liberalise their export policy the Government of Pakistan have decided to allow free export of cotton seed oil cakes without licence to any destination except the Union of South Africa, with effect from 1st July 1948.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, June 30.

Coiryarn Beypore 140/150; Quilandy 145/155; Fibre Garbled 105; Ungarbled 95; Cocoanuts Raw 115; Dry 160; Cocoanut Oil 450; Copra Office 312/8; Dilpasand 330; Madrasnottam 330; Pepper Wynad 1150; Country 1100; Dry Ginger Chernad 380; Ernad 370; Coffee Robusta 155; Timber Pali 42/8/50; Junglewood 27/8/35; Vellapine 35/45; Benteak 40/50; Teak 90/110; Mango 3/3/12; Teak 15/20; Rosewood 12/20.

44 USES FOR THIS NEW CURATIVE ANTISEPTIC IN YOUR HOME

TO the mother of a family, a bottle of T.C.P. in the house is a constant source of comfort. For she knows that with T.C.P. handy she can deal promptly with no less than 44 everyday hurts, ailments and skin troubles before they can develop into serious illness. What then is T.C.P.? It is an antiseptic, swift in destroying the germs of disease, yet safe for use on the smallest child. And it also has these extra curative properties. It relieves pain, soreness or skin irritation very quickly. It soon reduces inflammation or swelling. It actually speeds up clean and natural healing. Wouldn't you, too, find T.C.P. a real standby in the home? The Booklet with each bottle gives full directions for its 44 uses. You can get T.C.P. to-day from most Chemists or Stores.

T.C.P.

THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC WITH EXTRA CURATIVE PROPERTIES

F/37/11

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JUDGE INSPECTS CAR USED BY ACCUSED

Taxi Driver Gives Evidence In Mahatma Murder Trial

NO REFRESHMENTS DURING LUNCH HOUR, COMPLAINS SAVARKAR

NEW DELHI, June 30. (U.P.I.):

Very slow progress was made today when the Special Court of Mr. Atma Charan trying Nathuram Godse and seven others in connection with the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi resumed hearing this morning in Red Fort.

Evidence was recorded today of only one witness, taxi driver Surjit Singh, a Sikh, who deposed as having taken approver Digamber Badge who has been granted King's pardon accused Gopal Godse, N. V. Apte and Shankar Kistaya in his taxi from Regal Cinema taxi stand to Birla Mandir and from there to Birla House on the afternoon of January 20, on which day a bomb exploded at Gandhiji's prayer meeting.

Prosecution and Defence Counsel took just four hours in examination-in-chief and cross-examination of the 14th witness, the longest time so far taken with any witness.

The Court was adjourned at 3-15 p.m. today till 10 tomorrow morning.

When the Special Court resumed the hearing of the case this morning, Mr. C. K. Daphtari, addressing the Court said that approved Badge should be brought to the Court from jail. He could not be brought, he said without the warrant of the Court.

TAXI-DRIVER AS WITNESS

Mr. Daphtari said that the next witness was Surjit Singh, a taxi-driver, who had taken some of the accused in his car before the incidents of January 20 and 30.

The Court ordered that approver Badge should immediately be brought from jail and in the meanwhile, the Court would like to have a view of the car in which the accused were taken by Surjit Singh.

Mr. Daphtari said that the car had been brought within the Court premises by Surjit Singh and it would be seen immediately.

Court thereafter asked Nathuram Godse and other accused whether they would also like to see the car.

In response to the enquiry whether he would like to see the car accused Karkare said: "Yes sir".

Court: "So I see, you can speak in English also".

Defence Counsel Mr. Mangale, objected to Surjit Singh being present when the accused went to see the car. Court thereupon ordered that Surjit Singh should be brought to an adjoining room. After Surjit Singh was removed from near the car, the Judge accompanied by prosecution and Defence Counsel and the five accused went outside the Court to have a view of the car.

Surjit Singh, a taxi-driver giving his evidence deposed that he had taken four persons in his taxi at about 4 p.m. on January 20 when the explosion occurred from the Regal Cinema taxi stand and it was decided that he should take them first to Birla Mandir and then to Birla House and back to Connaught Place. Pointing towards Digambar Badge who has been granted King's pardon and who was produced in the Court today, the witness said that he sat in front with him and Shankar Kistaya, Gopal Godse and N. D. Apte sat on the back seat.

Surjit Singh, the 14th prosecution witness, said that he was a Sikh and 24 years of age. He owned the car PBL 671 which was kept in the Western Court taxi stand.

The witness said that he had been plying his car as a taxi for the last six months. He had registered his car as a taxi at Lahore but after coming over here, applied to the Delhi authorities to register it as a taxi. He, however, did not get the order yet. Witness said that it was a chevrolet with luggage carrier on the top. He did not see any similar car with luggage carrier at the top in Delhi.

DATE OF EXPLOSION

Mr. Daphtari: Do you remember the date when the explosion took place in Birla House?

Witness: Yes, on January 20.

Witness said that he had taken four passengers on that day from the Regal Cinema taxi stand and the one person with beard who sat with him in the front directed him to go first to Birla House and then return to Connaught Place. They entered the car at about 4 p.m. or 4-15 p.m.

Witness identified Badge as having sat in front with him and then pointing towards N. D. Apte, Gopal Godse and Shanker Kistayya, he said that they sat on the back seat. About Shanker, the witness said that so far as he could remember, it was this person who went with the other three.

AT BIRLA MANDIR

Mr. Daphtari: Where did you take these persons?

Witness: I first took them near Birla Mandir. I cannot say whether they entered Birla Mandir or went somewhere else. I stopped my car for about fifteen or twenty minutes and then I took them to Birla House.

Mr. Daphtari: At Birla House where did you stop your car?

Witness: I parked my car at the back of Birla House. As I did not know the way to Birla House, the person who fixed up the taxi charges (N. D. Apte) directed me to the back of the Birla House and asked me to stop at a place.

Witness identified N. D. Apte who fixed up the taxi at Rs. 12.

Mr. Daphtari: After you stopped the car what happened?

MICROPHONE FAILS

Witness: They got down of the car by the left hand side and proceeded towards the servants' quarters of Birla House. After they went about 10 or 15 feet from the car, they came across two or three other persons and began talking with them. Witness further said that thereafter as he went to the prayer meeting, he did not see what those persons did. The meeting did not start when he went to the ground. After sometime as the microphone in the prayer ground did not work and he could not hear anything, he came back to his car.

Court asked witness to speak aloud so that everybody could hear what he said.

As the Defence Counsel asked witness to speak on the mike, Court said that witness could not be compelled to speak on the mike.

Thereupon Nathuram Godse said: 'You can request him to speak on the mike if you cannot force him to do so.

Court: That is exactly what I am doing. I am trying my level best to help all.

Mr. Daphtari: As you passed across the servants quarters and went to the prayer ground, did you see those four passengers and others talking again.

Defence Counsel Mr. Dange objected to the question as witness had earlier said that after he left his car, he did not see them again.

Court, however, held that witness might have seen them again in the prayer ground.

Witness said that he remained in the prayer ground for about fifteen or twenty minutes but as he could not hear anything as the mike failed, he returned to his car.

Mr. Daphtari: As you left the prayer ground, how did you come back?

Witness: I came by the same route as I went.

Mr. Daphtari: What happened when you came back?

Witness: Soon after, the passengers came back.

Mr. Daphtari: Were they the same persons who left the car?

MAN WITH BEARD

Witness: The man with beard (identified Badge) who was sitting with him in the car did not return and instead, some other person came.

Witness went to the dock and identified Nathuram Godse and said that he came instead of Badge.

Mr. Daphtari: Now as the passengers got in, did you immediately leave?

Witness: Yes. bgkqjjg

Mr. Daphtari: You know that an explosion took place. Did you hear that?

Witness: Yes, I did hear some noise, I, however, do not remember whether I heard the sound when the car was standing or just when I started it.

At this stage, there was some argument between the interpreter and the Defence Counsel as Mr. Bannerjee, Defence Counsel, told the interpreter that he did not interpret the witness properly. The interpreter objected and said: "I am sorry at this remark. I am interpreting exactly what he says."

Mr. Bannerjee: No, you are not.

Interpreter: I have t aken the oath, . . .

Court: Do not enter into an argument. If you have any grievance, tell me.

Interpreter: Well sir, I have taken the oath this morning and I am. . .

Court: That is alright, you need not argue with the Defence Counsel.

Court thereafter directed the Defence Counsel, Mr. Mehta, to come near the witness and ask the question in Punjabi.

Replying to Mr. Mehta, the witness said that he heard the noise as coming from very near.

Mr. Daphtari: Did they come rushing?

The Court disallowed the question.

Mr. Daphtari: How soon after you had come that these persons came.

Witness: After about five minutes.

Witness said that the passengers did not have any talk with him except that one of them asked him to start the car after the explosion.

Mr. Daphtari: Can you say in what state of mind they were then?

Mr. V. V. Oak, appearing for Nathuram Godse, objected to the question and said that the witness was not an expert.

Court: Do yop require an expert to say what a person looks like at any particular time?

Mr. Oak still objected.

Court: Conduct of an accused person soon after a particular incident—is it relevant or irrelevant?

As, however, Mr. Oak and Mr. Mangale still objected, Court enquired if they could suggest how the question should be asked.

Court, however, asked the witness: When they came to the car, did you notice any particular thing at that time?

Witness: No, I did not see anything.

Mr. Daphtari: How did they come, walking, running or otherwise?

Witness: I did not notice.

Mr. Daphtari: Can you understand a plan?

Court: What plan?

Mr. Daphtari: Plan of Birla House, Sir.

Mr. Oak: I object to it, Sir.

Court: Well, I have the same plan. He can look into it. But, however, the whole trouble would be that the thing is marked. It would not be fair to give a marked plan. Mr. Daphtari said that he would not pursue the point further.

WAY TO BIRLA HOUSE

Asked by Mr. Daphtari to give a description as to how he went to the Birla House and where he parked his car, witness said that from que Road, which ran past Birla House, a Kutcha service road went upto a circle within the premises of the Birla House. He took his car by that road and parked on the left side of the circle. There were servants' quarters at a distance of 30 feet.

Mr. Daphtari: When you left Birla house, where did you go?

Witness: I came back to Connaught Place.

Mr. Daphtari: On your way back how many persons were there in the car.

Witness: There were three or four persons in the car on my way back.

Mr. Daphtari: Did you have any occasion to go to the police station with your car?

CAR ON POLICE DUTY

Witness: It was three or four days after Mahatma Gandhi was shot dead that my car was taken for ponce duty in Tughlak Road police station.

Mr. Daphtari: What happened there when your car was on police duty?

Witness: After I have given the car for police duty, I was called by two Sikh police officers and they asked me if I had taken my car to Birla House with passengers on January 20. Thereafter the police recorded my statement.

Witness further said that he was taken to the Delhi District Jail after four or five days and his statement was recorded by the police.

IDENTIFICATION OF GODSE

Pointing towards Nathuram Godse he said that he identified that person on that day.

Mr. Daphtari: Were you again called to Delhi jail for identification?

Witness said that it was after thirteen or fourteen days of the first identification that he went again to Delhi jail and identified Narain Apte. He said further that he also went to Bombay where he identified two persons there and they were Gopal Godse and Digambar Badge (he pointed them out in the dock).

Mr. Daphtari: Between the time you saw them on January 20 and the time you identified them, did you see any of these persons?

Witness: I saw them only in jail when I identified them at the identification parade and I see them today after that date.

Mr. Daphtari: Were you paid Rs. 12 when you brought them back from Birla House to Connaught Place?

WHO PAID THE CHARGES?

Witness: Yes, I was paid. Pointing towards Narain Apte, the witness said that this was the person who paid the taxi charges?

Mr. Daphtari: Did you drop them in any house in Connaught Place?

Witness: I do not remember if they went to a particular House there.

On further examination by the Prosecution counsel, the witness said that his car was seized by the police eight or ten days after his statement was recorded by the police.

When the Prosecution counsel wanted the witness to identify his car, Mr. Mengale, Counsel for Apte, said that it was not necessary for the witness to identify the car since he had given the number of the car and also a description of the car.

Court: It was not for you to say whether it is necessary or not.

Court then invited the Defence Counsel to accompany which they declined. The witness identified the car and said that this was the car which he took to Birla House.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

The examination-in-chief having concluded, Mr. Oak, defence counsel for Nathuram Godse, began his cross-examination. Replying to Mr. Oak, the witness said that he saw Nathuram Godse when he took him in the car on his way back from Birla House. The witness said that he went to Tughlak Road Police Station after the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi but he did not find Nathuram Godse there.

Mr. Oak: How many times did you go to Tughlak Road police station between the time your statement was recorded and you identified this person in the jail?

Witness: I did not go to Tughlak Road police station between this period.

Mr. Oak: When you identified Nathuram Godse, was his head bandaged?

Witness: There was a towel on his head.

Mr. Oak: How many persons were there in the identification parade?

Witness: About 10 or 12 persons.

Mr. Oak: Did you identify Nathuram Godse at Bombay?

Witness: No, I did not see him there.

In reply to further cross-examination of Mr. Oak, witness said that he was asked to identify the persons he took in his car to Birla House on January 20.

When Mr. Mangale, Defence Counsel, got up to cross-examine Surjit Singh, witness, a dispute arose as to whether the actual statement made to the police in Urdu should be taken as final or the English translation given to the Court should be accepted as final.

Court held that Court was not bound to accept the English translation. The Urdu statement originally made must be accepted as final.

IN BOMBAY

Cross-examined by Mr. Oak, the witness said that he was asked by the magistrate at Bombay to identify the five persons he had taken in his car on January 20.

Cross-examining Mr. Mangale, appearing for accused Narain Apte, asked: Do you understand English?

Witness shook his head that he did not understand.

Court: Well, you ask your question.

Replying to Mr. Mangale, witness said that he came from Lahore about seven or eight months back and started plying his car as a taxi. He had, however, no licence for plying his car as a taxi and he stopped using it as a taxi after two months. Thereafter he used the car for his own purpose.

Mr. Mangale: You told the police that these four passengers entered the Birla Mandir?

Witness: I did not.

Mr. Mangale: Did you say that they went to Birla Mandir?

Court, addressing the witness: Did they do into Birla Mandir . . . Did they go into the Birla House?

Mr. Mangale: No Sir, I do not ask "into". I ask whether they went "to" Birla Mandir.

Court: I cannot understand what it means. What is the significance of your question?

Mr. Mangale: It is just the same when I say I went to Bombay, I went to the Court and so on.

Court: But unless you make it clear, how can he answer?

Mr. Daphtari objected to the question.

Mr. Mangale: My learned friend cannot object to my question. If you will look, Sir, to the statement he made to the police, an English translation of which of which I have got with me, you will see, sir, that they went to the Birla House.

Court: Interpreter, try to interpret him as you understand it.

Witness said that he could not say whether they went to Birla Mandir or elsewhere.

Mr. Mangale: Did you state to the police that they went to Birla Mandir? You did state that they went to Birla House?

STATEMENT READ OUT.

At this stage the original statement in Urdu was read out and it said that "Regalse ham Birla Mandir Gaye".

Court: It means the car went to Birla Mandir.

Mr. Mangale: No sir, passengers went to Birla Mandir.

Court: Alright, read the next sentence.

The next sentence was read as "Birla Mandir se Ham Birla House Gaye".

Court: So it is clear that the car went to Birla Mandir and from there to Birla House.

Witness said that there was no other car parked near his car on the circle.

Mr. Mangale: When you made your statement to the police, did you say that the passengers got down from the car and went straight to the prayer platform.

Court: What does the original Urdu statement say?

Mr. Metha, Defence Counsel: Sir, it says "Prarthana Sthan Ki Taraf Chhaley Gaye".

Mr. Mangale, addressing the witness: So you did say to the police that they alighted from the car and went straight to the prayer platform.

Court: I repeated it, is it a fact that the passengers after getting down from the car proceeded to the prayer platform?

Witness: No sir, it is not a fact.

Mr. Mangale: You had never been to Birla House before?

Witness: I had not been there before.

Mr. Mangale: When you went there, did you seen the whole locality?

Witness: Yes I did see the whole place properly.

Mr. Mangale: You asked where servants lived?

Witness: Yes, I found out servants' quarters.

Before cross-examination was over, the Court rose for lunch.

COUNSEL FOR KARKARE

When hearing was resumed after lunch the Court, addressing ace Karkare said that an application received from Mr. Shiv Narain re that he wanted to appear a fence Counsel on his behalf. Court wanted to know whether ed would like him to appear.

Accused replied in the affir Thereupon the Court said that sary permit would be issued.

Continuing his cross examina witness Surjit Singh, the C Mangale asked whether he quiries on the spot if servants in the quarters near the

SERVANTS AT BIRLA

Witness said that he had Birla House thrice or four tim he returned from Bombay. acquaintance with persons Birla House and he went to wh He, however, scanned the wi on the very first day that is January 20 and found out that lived there.

Replying to Mr. Banerjee, Counsel for Madanlal witn that after getting down from the four passengers proceeded the prayer ground. He also towards the same direction sight of these persons.

Mr. Mehta, Defence Counsel by Government for Shankar, asked the witnes was in Lahore when disturbances took place.

Witness replied in the affi

NO PUNJABI PLEAS

The Court asked Counce questions in Punjabi bu so that the Court as w prosecution could underst questions.

Mr. Mehta argued to be all questions in Punjabi, tha er, was not permitted to replying to Mr. Mehta with he was absolutely illiter d, however, count upto and also knew names of English calendar month that he was working a en at Lahore since 1940.

EXPLOSION AND FIR

Mr. Mehta: How did you k the date of the bomb explos Witness: Because there was bt of sensation following th en.

Mr Mehta: Do you know the r big fire in Lahore durin of disturbances at Par

UNITS OF THE INDIAN UNION—IX—EAST PUNJAB

The Punjab States have been formed into two groups—Himachal Pardesh and the Patiala and East Punjab States Union. Lohar alone has merged with the East Punjab province having an area of 226 square miles and a population of 28,000.

"Provincial M... Serv...

ENQUIRY COURT'S T...

KARACHI, June 30. (A. P. The 20-page judgment of C... Justice Sir Abdul Rashid and ... tice Shahabuddin on the val... of the Sind Special Court Enq... investigating 62 charges agai... Mr. M. A. Khuhro, ex-Premier ... Sind, was released to the Pr... today.

It will be recalled that Ch... Justice Sir Abdul Rashid and Ju... tice Shahabuddin had ruled ... June 15 that the Sind Governo... Ordinance creating the court ... enquiry was not "ultra vires" an... that the court was properly co... stituted.

Earlier the defence counsel, ... Mr. Khuhro had challenged th... validity of the Ordinance.

In their judgment Chief Jus... tice Sir Abdul Rashid and Justice Shahabuddin stated: "The Ministers of the Provincial Government are public servants. They cannot be regarded as members o... the Provincial Public Services ... so far as the term Provincial Pub... lic Services is used in contradic... tion to the Federal or Central ... Public Services. They are, how... ever, public servants of the pro... vinces in the sense that they are ... officers subordinate to the Gov... ernor' and are bound by the rules of business framed by him. On general principles, therefore, there seems to be no reason why Provincial Legislature should be competent to enact legislat... for the constitution of a court ... inquire into the conduct of a ... nister who, according to the ... cision of the Privy Council, is ... officer subordinate to the G... ernor".

This was in reference to the ... fence contention that the G...

"Quite A Lot Of Sensation Following I...

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, Things Are Too Hot In Georgia Anyway

MUTT, SOME MEN WANT TO SHOVEL THE SNOW OFF OUR WALK FOR THREE DOLLARS!
THREE DOLLARS! TELL'EM I'LL DO IT MYSELF!
ARE YOU SURE YOU CAN?
DON'T BE SILLY! WHAT IS THERE TO SHOVELING A LITTLE SNOW NOTHIN' TO IT!
WOMEN ARE
THEY'RE AL
FUSSING
UH!

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